

The Hongkong Telegraph.

WEATHER FORECAST
FINE
Barometer 29.70

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)
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July 15, 1913, Temperature a.m. 79, p.m. 86; Humidity 83, 78.

July 15, 1913, Temperature a.m. 81, p.m. 88; Humidity 89, 87.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1913.

三拜禮 號六十月七年亥癸

886 PER ANNUM
SINGAPORE 10 CENTS.

9148 晚三十月六年丑癸

TELEGRAMS.

BALKAN AFFAIRS.

LITTLE FIGHTING.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, Received July 15.

Apparently there is a lull in the fighting in the Balkans. The only report of hostilities comes from Polog, and mentions slight skirmishing.

Sir Edward Grey speaks. In the House of Commons, Mr. D. M. Mason, (Liberal M.P. for Coventry) urged Sir Edward Grey to attempt mediation and suggest an armistice in the Balkans.

Sir Edward Grey, in reply, said that more words would not effect a war characterized by such passion. The appalling risks of the Bulgarians made it impossible that the Concert of Europe could forcibly impose peace as a whole, and the best prospect was that the war would be to exhausting and horrible that it would not last long and that no complications would arise to endanger the Concert of Europe or lead to consequences more disastrous than anything that had yet occurred. There was every prospect of the Powers remaining in touch, and he hoped that Turkey would not advance beyond the point he announced.

On to Sofia.
London, Received July 16.
Reuter's correspondent at Athens states that the journal "Estia" says the Serbians and Greeks are resolved to advance on Sofia if necessary.

The "Daily Telegraph" correspondent at Athens says a secret Greco-Serbian Treaty signed at Salonika in May, extending the Greek boundaries and giving Serbia an outlet in the Aegean Sea, will be binding on the partners in the fight till Bulgaria acquiesces.

The Powers' Resolve.
In the House of Commons, Sir Edward Grey stated that Greece and Serbia had demanded that Bulgaria accept certain conditions prior to the conclusion of an armistice. The attitude of the Great Powers remained to keep in touch with each other and promote peace by diplomatic influence, to abstain from forcible intervention and to claim nothing for themselves individually.

Splendid Heroism.
Later.
The Greeks have occupied Drama after five hours fighting. Official reports from Sofia affirm that the Greek regulars, and not the Bulgarians, burned Serres. They also insist that the whole Serbian and Greek armies have been fighting the mere Bulgarian divisions which have conducted the retreat with splendid heroism.

Waiting for the Greeks.
The army under General Ivanoff is now in an excellent position and is ready to shatter the most desperate attempts of the Greek army.

It is stated in London that the Bulgarians have occupied Turtakal, thus completing the occupation of the whole of the new territory along the line from Turtakal to Balthik.

Aiming at a Settlement.
According to an authoritative statement, Roumania will now endeavour to induce Bulgaria to come to terms with Greece and Serbia. Her aim is to secure a definitive settlement, no single state having the preponderance. This implies that Roumania will enter the future Balkan Alliance.

MRS CORNWALLIS-WEST.

GRANTED A DIVORCE.

London, Received July 16.
Mrs Cornwallis-West, formerly Lady Randolph Churchill, has been granted a divorce on the ground of her husband's desertion and misconduct. The case was undefended.

TELEGRAMS.

HOME RULE BILL.

AVERTING CIVIL WAR.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, Received July 16.

Continuing the debate on the second reading of the Home Rule Bill in the House of Lords, Lord Loreburn again appealed for a compromise settlement by consent, consultation, and goodwill. If such an effort failed, then was the time for a general election.

Lord Curzon said the Opposition wanted an election because it would avert civil war.

Would the Troops Fire?
Lord Morley, in winding up the debate, said that the Opposition had repeatedly pressed him to say whether British troops would be ordered to fire on loyalists and he had refused to answer. It would be ridiculous to say what particular case would require armed intervention or what they would do in a very delicate, difficult and dangerous crisis. But the authorities would do all that their public duty imposed on them for the maintenance of order.

Dissolution Ridiculed.
Lord Morley ridiculed the suggested dissolution which, he said, would be a far greater blow to the authority of Parliament than anything in the Parliament Act. He was confident that when the Irish party had a Parliament of their own they would show the same statesmanlike spirit which they had shown hitherto and would make it a success.

An Interesting Suggestion.
Considerable interest has been excited by the suggestion made by Lord Ashby St. Ledger, the holder of a Government post, in the House of Lords, during the course of the debate, that there might be a general election between the time of the Bill becoming law and its coming into operation.

Bill Rejected.
Later.
The House of Lords has rejected the Home Rule Bill and adopted Lord Lansdowne's resolution; the House declines to consider the Bill until it is submitted to the country, by 302 votes to 64.

KING & LANCASHIRE.

THE LOYAL TOAST.

London, Received July 16.
Their Majesties the King and Queen were given an ovation at Manchester, after which they returned to London.

The King, in a long letter to Lord Derby, says he was profoundly impressed by the stirring days he spent in Lancashire and the spontaneous and affectionate welcome of the dense population. He hopes that when his health is drunk in future in Lancashire the toast will be "The Duke of Lancaster."

DUTCH POLITICS.

SOCIALISTS FAVOURED.

London, Received July 16.
Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam states that Dr. Bos has offered portfolios to the Socialist leader M. Troelstra and to two other Socialists.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

REFORM PROPOSALS.

London, Received July 16.
In the House of Commons, Mr. Asquith announced that the Government will submit to the House in the next session of Parliament a proposal regarding an elective Second Chamber.

TELEGRAMS.

ROYAL BETROTHAL.

A NOTABLE ENGAGEMENT.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, Received July 16.

It is officially announced that His Royal Highness Prince Arthur of Connaught has been betrothed to Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Fife.

[Prince Arthur of Connaught, K.P., P.C., G.C.V.O., is the only son of the Duke of Connaught, brother of the late King Edward. He was born on January 13, 1883. He is a personal A.D.C. to His Majesty the King and an officer in the Scots Greys. He has frequently been entrusted with special Missions to European Courts, and is as popular with the British public as his father. Alexandra Victoria Alberta Edwina Luise Duff, Duchess of Fife, was born on May 17, 1891. She is the daughter of the late Duke of Fife and the Princess Royal, eldest daughter of King Edward. She succeeded her father in 1912 and owns about 249,300 acres of land.]

TROUBLE WITH A "BOY."

Prosecution by Seamen's Institute Manager.

At the Police Court, this morning, before Mr. Melbourne, Mr. Davies, of the Seamen's Institute, charged one of his boys with refusing to obey a lawful command and behaving offensively towards him.

Mr. Lewis, of Messrs Johnson Stokes and Master, defended.

Mr. Davies said that about 12.30 p.m. on the 15th his wife came to the office, which is in the same building, and made a complaint. He went to the kitchen and ordered the defendant to empty a tub of water. The defendant told him it did not "belong his piggin" and refused to comply with the order. He shouted and was offensive in manner, demanding that he should be paid off there and then. Witness gave the defendant in charge for disobeying a lawful order and acting in an offensive manner. The reason he gave him in charge was to prevent a disturbance. The defendant was employed in the kitchen to keep the place clean.

His Worship:—He said your wife gave him an order he was doing that when you gave him another order?—I gave him the same order as my wife had given him.

An Awkward Question.
Mr. Lewis:—You are not familiar with the Police Court yourself are you?

Witness (to his Worship). Is this connected with this case?

His Worship:—I am afraid, although I don't know what the question is, they have a perfect right to cross-examination.

Witness:—He has asked me if I am unfamiliar with the Police.

Mr. Lewis:—Yes, you have appeared once or twice haven't you?—I beg your pardon.

Only once?—What do you mean?

I think you once appeared as prosecutor, and once before as defendant:—Yes.

Now, you say this defendant is a pauper boy. It is not usually his duty to carry out tubs of water is it?—Yes.

And this was by no means a small tub?—It was a tub that could be emptied out in the ordinary way.

I put it to you the defendant asked one of the boys or copies employed on the premises to assist him to empty the tub, and whilst he was waiting for some one to assist him you tackled him. He said he was quite prepared to do it but he wanted someone to help him. Then I further put it to you that you immediately

TELEGRAMS.

HOME POLITICS.

UNOPPOSED RETURN.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, Received July 16.

Sir Alexander Henderson has been elected unopposed to St. George's Herover Square. The vacancy was created by the death of the Rt. Hon. Arthur Lytton.

[Sir Alexander Henderson has been chairman of the Railway Companies' Association since 1909. He sat as M.P. for West Stafford from 1898 to 1906 and was a member of the Tariff Commission in 1904.]

SUED BY COOK-BOY.

Sequel to Dismissal for Laziness, Filthiness and Gambling.

This morning in the Summary Court, before the Peace Judge, Mr. Justice Kemp, Chan Shee, a cook-boy, sued Mr. C. Jasso, of Messrs Siamson and Co., claiming \$10 for 24 days' wages.

The plaintiff appeared in person, while the defendant was represented by Mr. Leo D'Almeida Castro.

Plaintiff, in the witness box, told his Lordship that he was employed by the defendant as cook-boy at \$10 a month, and was dismissed on June 24, defendant telling him that he was getting an amah instead. He wished to remain until the end of the month, but the defendant told him to go immediately, asking him to come for his wages on the first of the month.

Plaintiff said he went to the defendant on that date, but the latter refused to pay him and pushed him out of the house. He told defendant he would sue him, but the defendant took no notice.

His Lordship:—Why should the defendant treat you in this way?—What reason do you suggest?—He said he wanted to engage an amah.

Mr. Leo D'Almeida:—Did the defendant ever complain about your filthy habits in the kitchen?—Yes.

Did he ever complain about gambling in the kitchen with other boys in the neighbourhood?—No.

Did you not admit to him you had gambled there with your friends?—He did not complain to me; no other boys came and gambled.

Did you ever gamble there at all?—No.

Did you ever break any articles belonging to the defendant?—Yes, sometimes I broke one or two teacups.

Did you not break a valuable Japanese tea-set of five pieces?—No. I only broke two of them.

Did he not tell you that your services would not be required at the end of June on account of your filthy habits, and stealing soda-water bottles out of the ice-chest?—No; he did not say that to me.

Did you at any time sell empty bottles belonging to the defendant without defendant's consent?—No.

One June 23 did you go to the defendant and tell him you wanted to go away?—When the amah came he told me to go away.

Did you ask him for two dollars?—When I asked him for my wages, he said he had no money to pay me, and then I asked him for two dollars to go to Canton.

You got \$2?—Yes.

Why didn't you give him credit for \$2 in your claim?—He said he would deduct it from my wages.

I put it to you that you left on June 23 of your own accord, and without doing the duties the defendant told you?—When the amah came, he told me to go away.

Siamese Prince in Germany.

Prince Chira of Siam, the brother of the reigning King, has with his family, and a large suite left Munich for Berlin after a three months' stay at the former place. At Berlin, where he has booked rooms for a long stay at the Hotel Kaiserhof, he was received at the station by members of the Siamese Legation and conducted by them to the hotel. It is reported that his Royal Highness, who is still in bad health, will place himself in doctor's hands in the German capital.

TELEGRAMS.

MEXICAN REVOLTS.

AMERICA BLAMED.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, Received July 16.

All the European diplomats at Mexico City have jointly addressed their Governments stating that the American attitude towards Mexico contributes to the revolutionary conditions prevailing, and urging that representations be made to Washington for American recognition of the Mexican Government, or the assumption of responsibility for the present condition.

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TELEGRAMS.

ULSTER RIOTING.

MANY HOUSES WRECKED.

Reuter's
[Service to the "Telegraph."]
London, Received July 16.

A riot is reported from Castle Dawson where excursionists from Belfast attacked the Hibernian Hall and destroyed the drums and banners. They also wrecked twenty-two houses occupied by Catholics. Revolver shots were exchanged, and extra police are being drafted into the town.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

The Dutch Premier is offering three portfolios to Socialists.

Prince Arthur of Connaught is betrothed to the Duchess of Fife.

Further secessions on the Home Rule Bill in the House of Lords are reported elsewhere.

Mrs Cornwallis West has secured a divorce from her husband for desertion and misconduct.

The Government is to introduce a proposal for an elective Second Chamber in the next session.

There is a lull in the fighting at Kiukiang; two Japanese steamers have been fired upon, though.

During rioting at Castle Town 22 houses occupied by Catholics were destroyed and revolver shots exchanged.

The House of Lords has passed the motion refusing to consider the Home Rule Bill till submitted to the country.

The Greek journal "Estia" states that the Greeks and Serbians are resolved to advance on Sofia if necessary.

All the European diplomats in Mexico City declare that the American attitude towards Mexico contributes to revolutionary conditions.

A rebel poster at Nanking calls on the troops to march against President Yuan and punish him for sending Northern troops southward.

Sir Edward Grey says the Great Powers are agreed to abstain from forcible intervention in the Balkans and to claim nothing for themselves.

A suggestion by Lord Ashby St. Ledger that there might be a General Election before the Home Rule Bill becomes law is receiving much attention.

In a letter regarding his Lancashire visit, the King suggests that his toast in future should be submitted in the county as "The Duke of Lancaster."

THE SOTTO CASE.

A "Breeze" in Court.

Mr. P. M. Hodgson continued his address to Mr. Hazeland, in the Sotto case, at the Police Court, this afternoon.

During the proceedings, Mr. Brutton observed, on asking for a particular case to be produced, "It is coming to the same as in the Habeas Corpus case; we are not getting the assistance we are entitled to."

Mr. Hodgson:—Please Mr. Brutton I have allowed you everything I possibly could.

Mr. Brutton:—You would not let me have "9 Peters."

Mr. Hodgson:—We are required to get out a long brief for the Crown and I want all these books at my hand. If Mr. Brutton sends me a bit over, he can have whatever he wants. I defy my friend to state a single act or volume I have been asked for that he has not been able to get.

Mr. Brutton:—I have sent over a list of cases I wanted.

Mr. Hodgson:—And he received every one.

Mr. Brutton (excitedly):—I have never had one!

Mr. Hodgson:—Yes, that is like Mr. Brutton when beaten on a point.

Mr. Brutton:—I am not beaten. The case was proceeding when we went to press.

NEWS FOR BUSY MEN.

TELEGRAMS.

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LOCAL.

Water polo news is covered under the head of Local Sport to-day.

The proceedings at yesterday's meeting of the Sanitary Board are reported on Pages 3 and 10.

A further instalment of the Tale by Two Travellers through Annam and Cambodia appears to-day.

An extraordinary meeting of the Star Ferry Co. to-day approved proposals for increasing the capital of the Company.

Some correspondence regarding the metric system, which is favoured by the Hongkong Chamber and Commerce, appears to-day.

A proposal supported by the Chamber of Commerce that the date of the King's Birthday holiday be changed has been disapproved by the Government.

DON'T FORGET.

TO-DAY.

Victoria Theatre, 9.15 p.m.

Bijou Scenic Theatre, 9.15 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Victoria Theatre, 9.15 p.m.

Bijou Scenic Theatre, 9.15 p.m.

Legislative Council, 2.30 p.m.

Thursday, July 24.

China and Manila a.s. Co.

Extraordinary General Meeting—11 a.m.

Notices

PEEK, FREAN & CO.'S CELEBRATED BISCUITS.

Can be obtained from
WING ON CO.
SINCERE CO.
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KWONG WAH
KWONG FOOK CHEONG
SUN CO.
CHEN KWONG
M. Y. SAN
M. ALLISON
SAN KWOK MAN
AND OTHER LEADING GROCERS.

Ask for Our Special Novelties.
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SHORT CAKE.
TEDDY BEAR.
LEMON PUFF CREAM.
CLOTTED CREAM.

OTHER WELL KNOWN BISCUITS SUCH AS MARIE, PETTIT
BEURRE, MILK, NICE OSBORNE, ETC. ARE ALSO MADE
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THE BEST BARBER SHOP IN THE COLONY.
CHIROPODIST, MANICURES AND
LADIES HAIR DRESSERS.
HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDING.



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CAN Be Cured.

THEN why be half suffocated,
and sit up all night cough-
ing and gasping for breath, when
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NOBBS' ASTHMA CURE

will give you certain, prompt
relief and ensure a good night's
rest. This, the only genuine cure
for Asthma, discovered by Mr.
NOBBS, a qualified Chemist, and
a sufferer for many years, will, if
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radical cure of this erstwhile in-
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In Bags of 250 lbs. net.
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Hongkong, 16th August, 1901

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J. H. BARRATT,
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Hongkong, 20th April, 1911.

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Electric Light and Fan Throughout; Large Comfortable Lounge; Private
and Public Bars; Billiard Rooms. HOTEL LAUNCH MEETS ALL
STEAMERS. Monthly Rates for Tiffin and Dinner. SPECIAL DINNERS
AT SHORT NOTICE. CUISINE ENTIRELY UNDER EUROPEAN
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F. REICHMANN,
PROPRIETOR. [62]

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H. HAYNES,
Manager.

Hongkong, 1st Aug., 1912. [65]

HOTEL CRAIGIEBURN.

PLUNKET'S GAP

The Peak,

near the Train Terminus
Tel. 56.

For Terms apply to the
MANAGER.

THE TAIWAN RAILWAY HOTEL.

TAIPEH, FORMOSA.

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EXCELLENT CUISINE AND
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6 YEN AND UP.

Uniformed hotel porter meets all
trains and steamers. Luggage are
ranged for without any trouble to
guests.

Hongkong, 1st Feb., 1912. [132]

MEE CHEUNG.

ART PHOTOGRAPHER

HONGKONG.

TELEPHONE NO. 1018.

Developing, Printing & Enlarging
photographs, 1st May, 1911.

Notices

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE



that we can now manufacture on our premises
the new Kryptok invisible bifocal lens.

The old style of cement bifocals with their
disfiguring and annoying dividing line has
been supplanted by a new lens with two fool,
the upper portion of the glass for distance and
the lower for reading, ground from one single
piece of glass.

You who wear two pairs of glasses may
now use one pair instead. No one can tell
that you wear bifocals. No movement to blister;
no thin segments to lose off.

Call and inspect this line. We grind
Kryptoks in regular or toric form.

WE LEAD, OTHERS FOLLOW.

CLARK & Co.
SCIENTIFIC OPTICIANS
YORK BLDGS. CHATER RD.
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MANILA
OF FICE
78, ESCOLT

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CHLORO-NAPHTHOLEUM was awarded a Gold Medal for its
superiority over all the disinfectants exhibited at the recent
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This is only another evidence of the real merit of CHLORO-
NAPHTHOLEUM as a more powerful disinfectant than dangerous
Carbolic Acid, a more potent cleanser than soap, soap powders and
soda; a more efficient deodorant than others offered.

Prove to yourself how much cleaner and more healthful
CHLORO-NAPHTHOLEUM will make your establishment than the
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because Chloro-Naphtoleum costs less than one-half cent per gallon
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A really good German Beer is very light and
healthy compared with the average English Beer
particularly IN A HOT CLIMATE. This is due to the
low temperature maintained during the earlier opera-
tions, resulting in the retention of carbonates, &c
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carry a stock of small 10 litre kegs of Pilsener, a light beer specially
adapted for Picnic Parties; customers will be supplied free of charge
with a special pump to draw the beer with conveniently. The Beer
is kept in cold storage and in the specially constructed wooden kegs
will keep cold for a long time without using ice. No picnic
party should leave without a keg or two of SAN MIGUEL
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OUR CONTEMPORARIES.

Daily Press.

Hongkong Legislation.

Mr Bowley draws attention in
a letter which is published in
another column to the way in
which recent legislation in the
Colony is more and more restrict-
ing the liberty which has been
the proud boast of the British
subject, and taunts the average
British resident with his apathy
in regard to such matters. It
must be confessed that a perusal
of the Bill "to provide for the
registration and supervision of
certain schools," which was intro-
duced at the last Council meeting,
and comes up for second reading
to-morrow, fully warrants Mr Bow-
ley's declaration that the Govern-
ment is seeking to gain its
objects by most autocratic and
inquisitorial legislation. There
can be no question that this is
a drastic Ordinance, and our first
complaint is that the Government
has given the community no rea-
sons why so drastic a measure is
deemed necessary. It is true that
there is a long statement under
the caption "Objects and Rea-
sons," appended to the Bill, but
while the objects are enumerated
at unusual length, the reasons are
entirely omitted. We can only
guess at the reasons after making
independent inquiries on the sub-
ject, and we imagine that a frank
statement of the reasons at to-
morrow's meeting of the Council
will do much to remove from the
public mind the disagreeable im-
pression which a perusal of Mr.
Bowley's letter creates.

South China Morning Post.

Is It Degeneracy?

In the same vein it may be
said that while some other mod-
ern dances are not wholly free
from sexuality, they are redeemed
from unmitigated sensuality by
their comparative difficulty and
distinction. The waltz step calls
for considerable practice before
it can be mastered; the polka,
the two-step, the polka-mazurka,
and the barandosa are all
distinctive and unobjectionable,
if properly danced. But these
latter monstrosities are
distinguished apparently only by
a quest for the maximum of animal
sensation at the cost of the mini-
mum of effort; hence these pre-
posterous swayings and wobbles
which are really an insult to the
birds and beasts after which they
are named. A drunken penguin
could do vastly better. We im-
agine the majority of our readers
will agree with our disgruntled
correspondent.

China Mail.

What Makes Clothes Warm

or Cool?

The warmth felt by the wearer
of a garment proceeds, of course,
not from the garment itself, but
usually from the wearer. A
"warm" coat prevents the dis-
ipation of this animal heat; a
"cool" one favours it. There is
no more objective "warmth" in
wool than there is in silk, cotton,
linen, or silk, because wool in
contact with the body is a worse
conductor of heat than are the
other fibres. Any or all of these
are worse conductors of heat than
are the other fibres. Any or all
of these are worse conductors in
a loose state than in a compactly
twisted or woven shape, and for
the evident reason that in a loose
condition the molecular chain
through which the conduc-
tion is transacted is
broken by more air-spaces.

For a good solid meal a la
Carte or Table D'Hôte with
Wines & Liqueurs of the Best
ALEXANDRA CAFE.

GENERAL NEWS.

To Protect Industrial Property.

The text has just been issued by His Majesty's Stationery Office of the International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property. This was signed at Washington on June 2, 1911, by representatives of Great Britain and the other Powers. Mr. K. Matsui and Morio Nakamatsu signed on behalf of Japan.

Asiatics in South Africa.

Says the "London and China Express" of June 13:—The Immigration Bill for restricting the immigration of Asiatics has passed the Committee stage in the South African Senate. The amendment referring specially to marriages outside South Africa, which permits the wife of a man engaged in marriage to enter South Africa, was confirmed by the existing vote of the Chairman.

Spain and Japan.

The Spanish Senate has been further considering the Bill authorising the Government to ratify the treaty of friendship with Japan. A vote on the Bill was taken on 7th ult., when the 126 Senators present; all voted for the Bill. The Conservative ex-Minister Señor Allende Salazar claimed, however, that a quorum was not present, and the vote was declared null and void. Subsequently the Senate unanimously approved the Bill, 195 Senators voting on this final occasion.

Horses' Tails.—Should They be Docked?

Mr. Walter Winans, in his campaign against the docking of horses, has now enlisted the aid of the cinematograph, and at the New Gallery Kinema an interesting series of pictures are being exhibited which reveal the wondrous of Mr. Winans's stables at Surrenden Park, and which further show the excitement of a bear hunt in Northern Russia. In the first part of the film the process of horses which have not been docked at jumping and trotting is seen, and the process of docking is also shown, while the second portion gives the outsider some idea of the excitement of a bear hunt, in which the prey is brought down by a shot at ten paces. Mr. Winans, speaking at an inaugural luncheon, said that he could not reconcile himself to the present absurd system of docking horses. The Bill which had been presented to Parliament to prohibit the docking of horses was supported by every section in the House of Commons. It was not a party Bill, but owing, perhaps, to the extensive Government programme which was now before the House, it might not be possible to succeed on the present occasion. If they did not succeed now, they would try and try again until success crowned their efforts.

White Slaves in Piccadilly Flat.

At Marlborough-street Police Court recently before Mr. Mead, Queenie Gerald, occupying a flat in Abingdon House, Piccadilly, was charged with living on the immoral earnings of young girls. Mr. Muskett said the defendant's flat was one of a series of flats over the Piccadilly Tube Railway. She occupied a suite of four rooms, but did not live there and had not got the usual furniture. The prosecution was made by virtue of the Criminal Law Amendment Act, which in substance made the woman responsible for that for which a man was responsible under the Vagrancy Act, 1898. Detective Inspector Curry had taken the statements of two girls, one of 18 and another of 17, and these statements the girls would repeat before the Court. The officer, made a search and found a great deal of material, a considerable part of which would be placed before the Court and which would go far to support the charges made against the woman. A feature of the case was the extraordinary amount of money which the defendant took with her in her handbag when she was conveyed to the police station. She had \$201 in gold and notes, and she also had a very considerable quantity of what appeared to be extremely valuable jewellery. One of the girls gave evidence against the defendant, and the case was adjourned, bail being refused.

SANITARY BOARD.

Right of Appeal Against Government Decisions.

The usual fortnightly meeting of the Sanitary Board was held yesterday afternoon when the Head of the Sanitary Department, Mr. D. W. Tatham, presided. There were also present the Hon. Mr. W. Chatham, the Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewett, the Hon. Mr. E. R. Hallifax, Col. Younan, Dr. Fitzwilliams, W. Bowen Rowlands, Secretary.

Mr. Bowley, pursuant to notice, moved, "That the Board requests the Governor-in-Council in the event of an appeal from the Board under Section 265 of the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance, before hearing the appeal to communicate the grounds of such appeal to the Board for consideration and report."

In doing so he said:—Sir, since 1875 the Sanitary Board has been entrusted with various powers and discretions in matters relating to the public health of the Colony, including such important matters as the food supply, the prevention and control of epidemic disease, the promotion of healthy dwellings and scavenging and conservancy. Until 1903 the exercise by the Board of its powers was uncontrolled, but in that year the right to appeal to the Governor-in-Council was granted to persons aggrieved by the action of the Board, and this right was amplified and the procedure of appeal prescribed in 1908. Section 265 of the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance deals with this right of appeal, and it is clear that the Governor-in-Council, acting under that Section, is acting not in an administrative but in a judicial capacity. It is inconceivable that any judicial appeal to a British tribunal should be conducted in camera or ex parte; both sides of the case should be laid before the tribunal, which, after hearing all the arguments and evidence brought before it, should proceed to decide the question judicially. These seem to be fairly obvious propositions, and I imagined until recently that the procedure indicated was followed on the rare occasions of appeals from this Board. But a few weeks ago this Board, in the exercise of its discretion, refused to grant permission for the erection of a structure which required the joint consent of the Board and the Governor-in-Council, and the refusal was duly communicated to the applicant. Nothing more was heard of the matter until a letter from the Clerk of Councils was laid before the Board stating that the application had been granted by the Governor-in-Council. I queried the legality of this act, as no intimation was given to the Board that any appeal had been made; in fact, on the papers laid before us it appeared that the Board had been absolutely ignored. In order to be sure of my facts I asked if the Board's refusal had been communicated to the Governor-in-Council and if so under what authority and on what grounds the latter had reversed it. The answers I received were "Yes" and "Sec. 265," and I was told that there was no information as to the grounds on which the Governor-in-Council had acted. The particular instance was a matter of very slight importance, and I have no fault to find with the ultimate result in that case, but the mode of procedure seemed to me to establish a precedent which might be followed in a matter of paramount importance to the taxpayers: I therefore gave notice of the motion now before you. After sending in the notice I was informed by the President that the fact of the appeal had been communicated to him, and that he had reported to the Governor-in-Council upon it. I was glad to hear it, but it does not affect the principle for which I am contending; namely, that when an appeal from the Board takes place, the Board should know the grounds of the appeal and have an opportunity of supporting or explaining its action to the appellate tribunal, before the latter gives its decision. In a matter of this sort the President is only the mouthpiece of the Board and should consult the Board before

(Continued on page 10).

Prepaid Advertisements

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FOR EACH INSERTION.

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MEIRION, No. 10, Peak, furnished or unfurnished. 6 Rooms. Cheap Rent. No. 21, SHELLY STREET. No. 59 The Peak, 6 "CAMERON VILLAS," Mount Kellet. To let or for sale, "GLEN-SHIEL," Barker Road, No. 124, Peak, 5 rooms from 1st March, 1913.

"CRAIG RYRIE," No. 4, the Peak to let; fine situation; 8 rooms; tennis and croquet lawns. To let, furnished "KIRKEN-DOA," No. 113 The Peak, till 30th September. Immediate possession.

One Godown, Duddell Street. FOR SALE.—HARTING and ROGATE, on part of Kowloon Island Lot No. 1154.

FOR SALE.—"LADBROKE," No. 9 Conduit Road. Fine View of harbour; 8 Rooms, 3 Bathrooms, Garden and Tennis Court. Accommodations for 30 Servants.

Apply to LINSTED & DAVIS, 3rd Floor, Alexandra Building Hongkong, 27th June, 1913. [21]

TO LET.—(from 1st July 1913) No. 2 Mountain View, The Peak. Apply LINSTED & DAVIS. Hongkong, 9th June, 1913. [345]

TO LET.—Furnished or Unfurnished, 3 rooms with use of Kitchen; highest level; good view.—"Reasonable." Hongkong Telegraph.

ROBERTS—SEELY DEBATE.

The following is the correspondence which led to the cancelling of the above debate:—

3, Hare-court, Temple, E.C., June 10, 1913.

My Lord,—In accordance with your wish expressed at our interview this morning I send in writing the suggestions of our Committee for the procedure at the Eighty-Club dinner.

The chairman would just propose the health of our chief guest, the Secretary for War, who will then propose your lordship's health; in reply to this toast you would make the speech we are anxious to hear. We should then propose "The Visitors," to which one of your friends, and perhaps a representative member of the Labour Party, would—we hope—reply. The Press would be admitted.

We trust these suggested arrangements will commend themselves to your lordship as appropriate under the circumstances, and they would also prevent the proceedings being too protracted. As regards your lordship having some friends present, the club will certainly desire to fall in with any suggestions you make on that point. We understand Colonel Seely is free on the 3rd and 10th of July, the two dates suggested by your lordship.

I have the honour to be, my lord, your obedient servant, R. O. HAWKIN.

Lord Roberts's Reply. June 12, 1913.—Dear Sir,—I hope I shall not be thought indifferent to the compliment which I am offered by the members of the Eighty Club, through your letter of yesterday, if I beg leave to decline it.

I am deeply sensible of the kindness of the club in inviting me to dine with them; but this invitation, as you will realize, is entirely different from your or-

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Hongkong, 22nd May, 1913. 387

TO LET.—Godown 153, Praya East. 29, Wongsichong Road. Ranfurly, No. 11 Conduit Road.

Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., Ltd.

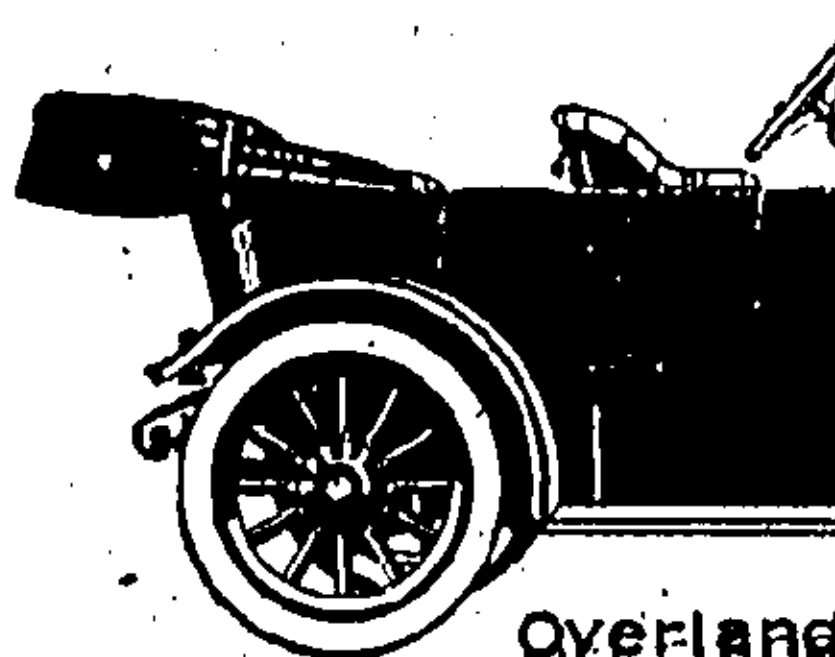
FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Aurophone, by the Gramophone Company, Limited, complete with 100 records, of which 70 are practically new. This gramophone works by an electric motor. It was bought in May, 1911, and is in good condition. Originally cost £100.—Apply to Adjutant 126th Baluchistan Infantry, Kowloon.

iginal proposal—namely, that Colonel Seely should state a case and that I should reply to it, with the object of initiating a bona fide debate on the merits of National Service. It appeared to me that such a proposal though it was not of my seeking, did provide an opportunity, which I could not neglect, of threshing out a question which I hold to be vital to the security of the nation. I accepted it readily, as I will accept any similar proposal hereafter.

But I confess that I see no advantage in troubling your members with a mere re-statement of my views, which have been expressed in public on many occasions during the past few months and are thoroughly familiar to them. Moreover, as you will understand, there are many calls upon my time and energy, and I am frankly unwilling to add to them by undertaking what has come in effect to be a purely social engagement. I am none the less grateful for the courtesy of your invitation, and beg to remain,

Yours very truly, ROBERTS.



OVERLAND Model 69 F
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(Prospective Buyers can try this Car free of charge.)

IN GREAT DEMAND

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PRICKLY HEAT LOTION
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PRICE 75 Cents per bottle.

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An ideal dusting powder for Prickly Heat, Sunburn etc. Quickly removes the odour due to excessive perspiration.
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No Bathing Party complete without a supply.
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O.T.

O.T. is a true digestive, and really does what liqueurs are supposed to do, namely, Aid Digestion. It is the only liqueur in the world without alcohol, and thus is most suitable for ladies and those averse to spirituous drinks. As a preventive and remedy for indigestion, O.T. is favourably known to thousands of people in all countries.

A Stimulant as Satisfactory as Alcohol
A Liqueur—Stomachic—Pick-me-up.

Made from natural fruits and herbs O.T. is a pure and healthful beverage, and only favourable effects follow its use. After over-indulgence there's no better "pick-me-up." As a tonic when you feel "out-of-sorts," there's nothing better to make you fit and well again.
O.T. is a true digestive, and therefore good as a

mealtime drink, as an after-dinner liqueur, and as a remedy for indigestion, flatulence and "full feeling" after meals.

As a stomachic, it has wonderful virtues for colic, dysentery, and other stomach troubles. No drink is more suitable than O.T. for both abstemious and non-abstemious; none is more healthful for young and old.



The More you Drink O.T. the Better you like it!

O.T. wins favour with all who try it. Its distinctive character, its refreshing and exhilarating qualities, its satisfying body and "bite" appeal to you—its taste grows on you, and you soon realise that each glass adds to your liking and appreciation.

O.T. Mixes Deliciously with

Lemonade, Soda, Mineral Waters, etc. Whisky, Gin, Brandy, Wines—

Gives full body, fine flavour, stimulating, refreshing, lessens filling and flatulent effects of mixed drinks. Improves flavour, intensifies the good qualities, and lessens alcoholic effects.

Ale, Beer, Stout—gives fine nip, takes off heartiness and filling effect.

Water (Hot or Cold)—gives a "bite" and a delicious flavour that completely satisfy.

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Personal attention is given to the examination and the fitting of lenses that will relieve all trouble. The only charge is for the glasses.

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Notices

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Our Celebrated E very old Liqueur Scotch Whisky is a blend of the best Pot Distilled Scotch Whiskies. It is of great age, very fine, and mellow. Its superior quality has established its reputation as THE LEADING SCOTCH WHISKY IN THE EAST.

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The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1913.

"ARMED RESISTANCE."

We had hoped, though we feared it might not be so, that we had heard the last of Unionist extravagances of language in regard to the Irish question. But it is evident from Mr. Bonar Law's message, referred to in a telegram which we published on Monday, that we have not. It is a sorry state of affairs into which British politics has fallen when we find the leader of one of the two great parties in the State practically aiding and abetting rebellion to the law of the land. We say this, the merits of the question quite aside; and we cannot for the life of us understand why the Unionist party as a whole does not realise how illogical its position has become. To scoff at "Passive Resistance" and to condemn suffragist militancy, then to encourage resistance—even armed resistance—to an impending legislative enactment, is hopelessly to compromise a party in the eyes of the electorate.

There has been a good deal of this seditious incitement in the recent speeches of Unionist politicians, and we are sorry that it is so. Only last month Sir Edward Carson, at Glasgow, made an effort to stir up the feelings of Scotsmen on the Home Rule question. He made no bones about the point that he advised his fellow-country "to resist to the end," and declared, with a deal of bravado, that if any violence arose in consequence of his speeches he would count himself the responsible author of it. But he went further when he exclaimed "I advise my fellow-countrymen, although it may never be necessary, and please God, it never will be necessary to use them, to arm themselves as well as they can to beat back anybody who dares to flinch from them the elementary rights of their citizenship." Later on Sir Edward made reference to the means to be employed to prevent the passing of the Home Rule Bill, and wound up by asserting that "in the last resort we are determined to rely upon ourselves, and we are entitled, if that day shall come, also, to rely upon you. Let your watch word be this: The hour of Ulster's danger is the hour of Scotland's duty."

This is the type of speech with which the British public is now being surfeited, and we begin to wonder to what depths politics have fallen at Home. There is plenty of talk of armed resistance to a law which is not yet on the Statute Book, but we may be forgiven if we doubt the likelihood of the chief agitators appearing anywhere near the line of action should the upshot be a resort to hostilities. Talk is cheap enough nowadays, especially talk of the type indulged in by Sir Edward Carson, Mr. Bonar Law and their kind.

Kowloon "Pirates."

The daring and cunning of some Chinese thieves is proverbial, but, according to an incident which a colleague tells us he witnessed the other morning, this outwitted is not confined wholly to human thieves. Evidently the sparrows across the water are as shrewd, where their own interests are concerned, as the cows in Fife are said to be. His attention was attracted by the noise made by a couple of canaries and, on looking up, he discovered the reason. It was, or should have been, feeding time for them. Their feeding receptacle had been filled, but they could not get near it. As is common, this feeding dish is attached outside the cage, and perched, one on either side of it, were a couple of sparrows enjoying a hearty meal while the rightful owners of the food went nearly demented inside the cage. If Heaven does actually help those whose help themselves, those sparrows should have quite a pleasant existence.

Smoking in Court.

Two Chinese, who were found smoking in the Police Court yesterday, were placed in the dock by the magistrate, and finally cautioned. Had this been the first time such a thing had happened we could better have understood the magisterial notice of the offence being confined to a caution. Seeing, however, that the practice has become far from uncommon, we should have thought that fine, with the threat of an hour or two in the stocks, would be better calculated to break Chinese of such deliberate insults to the Court. Men of the stamp of these offenders invariably mistake leniency for weakness, and are far less likely to lay a "caution" to heart than they are to laugh with their friends at British tolerance of their impudence. As we remarked the other day, the Chinese is just what the white man chooses to make him; and Hongkong seems bent on making him as insolent and insufferable as possible.

"COLD FEET."

A Strike That Did Not Come Off.

A little comedy—the denouement was so harmless and devoid of any action that no stronger description is justified—was enacted in local shipping circles yesterday, says the "Straits Times" of July 8.

For some time now the officers of a certain Chinese company have been far from satisfied with their conditions of service. Their complaint was the one which has been voiced since the beginning of all things—there was not adequate payment for labour and so they decided that something would have to be done. But nothing could be done without the preliminary talk and so that was freely indulged in until the necessary courage had been stimulated. Then the ultimatum was delivered—there was to be more money or a strike, the former for preference but if demands were not complied with then the latter would be inevitable. The company acted on the defensive and waited. The day of the strike arrived, the time limit had expired and all that was required was that the officers should calmly leave their ships. Everything was favourable for there was more than half the fleet in port. But there was no strike, the fanfare of trumpets had died away from a very decided fortissimo to a very faint pianissimo; one officer left his ship!

And now those who know what happened are talking about "cold feet," a pithy Americanism which seems to express in a manner very much to the point the lack of decision shown by those who have not the courage of their own convictions. The point of the comedy lies in the fact that those in high places considered a strike inevitable; they intended matters to come to a head before they moved, but they were prepared to pay. The men had only to ask and they would have received for, indeed, there was no one to follow them, but instead, they have sailed under the old conditions and once again they will have the chance of beginning all over again.

DAY BY DAY

"Deliberate with caution, but act with decision: and yield with graciousness, or oppose with firmness."—Colton.

The Mails.

Siberian Mail.—Due per s.s. Linan to-day.
American, Canadian and Siberian Mails.—Despatched per s.s. Empress of Russia at noon to-day.

English Mail.—Due per s.s. Assaye at 5 a.m. to-morrow.
Siberian Mail.—Closes per s.s. Assaye at 4 p.m. to-morrow.

Plague.

Two further cases of plague were reported yesterday, bringing the year's total to 209. Both were fatal.

Clothing Stolen.

The comprador of the s.s. Yat Sing, has reported that whilst the ship was in the Harbour someone entered his cabin and stole clothing and money, valued at \$120.

Rifle Possession.

A man found in unlawful possession of three Winchester rifles, was fined \$200, at the Police Court, this morning. Inspector Marison proved the charge.

Opium Possession.

For being in unlawful possession of opium, a Chinese was fined \$50, or in default two months' at the Police Court to-day. A woman also charged was dismissed.

Murder Charge.

Mr. Hazeland has fixed July 21, 28, and 29, August, 1, 7, 8 and 9 as the dates for the hearing of the case in which a Chinese is charged with murdering a junk owner in Jubilee Road.

Hippodrome Circus.

"Colonel" Bob Love informs us that the charterers of the Hippodrome Circus at Canton have presented each member of the company with a gold medal, have entertained them to a banquet and have presented Mr. Byass with a handsome flag. They have, furthermore, extended the charter for another three weeks.

Cutting and Wounding.

Some time ago we reported the fact that two Chinese were in the hospital suffering from injuries which they had inflicted on each other, one in self-defence, and that the depictions of one had been taken. At the Police Court, this morning, the charge of attempted murder which had been preferred against one was reduced to a charge of cutting and wounding. A sentence of four months' imprisonment was passed.

Undated Permits.

At the Marine Court, this morning, before Commander Basil Taylor, R.N., three boatwomen were charged with anchoring their craft within 100 yards of the low water mark, in a prohibited place and during prohibited hours on July 15. It was stated that the defendants when found made fast to the wall west of the Canton Wharf, and were asked to produce their permits. They did so but the same were undated. They were each fined \$5.

Very Like Bribery.

When Inspector Mr. Hardy called on a Chinese in connection with an obstruction he was causing, he found the man hospitably inclined. The inspector was invited to have a drink, by his would-be host, and the most capable writer in Scottish dialect could not adequately record the resentment expressed by the Hongkong-sea-going son of Scotia. The compliment of the offer was returned by the Chinese lying brought to the Police Court, this morning, and fined \$7.

DINNER TO GENERAL ANDERSON.

Eighty-six guests, including His Excellency the Governor, and many military officers, sat down to dinner at the Hongkong Hotel last night, the gathering being a farewell one to Major General Anderson, who is about to leave for India.

A feature of the table was the gorgeous display of old, costly, and historic regimental plate. The gathering was a most delightful one, and the toast of the health of Major General Anderson was most cordially honoured.

A TALE OF TWO TRAVELLERS.

A Trip to Annam and Cambodia as Told by Themselves.

(Continued from Yesterday.)

Returning to the main entrance we passed through, and proceeded along a paved roadway, bordered on either side with a parapet representing the Naga body. This roadway, which is in the same line as the causeway, bisects the monument, except the central temple, from East to West. At right angles to it a similar road starting from the central temple divides it from North to East. The Western entrance through which we have approached is the only one that is complete. At the east side there is only a small entrance and an earth bank unfaced or unpaved. On the North and South, entrances through the wall exist, but not of so pretentious a style as the Western entrance; the causeways across the moat have not been constructed. From the symmetry of the buildings it would appear as if in the original designs it was intended to make four large entrances, with four causeways, but as is seen in other parts of this wonderful monument, the downfall of the Khmer Empire prevented its completion. As one approaches the central portion along the paved approach the beauty and symmetry of the building is most striking. It rises tier above tier finishing off with five towers, which are quite intact and in perfect proportions.

Walking on, two comparatively small buildings, one on either side, are passed. The exact use of these it is impossible to discover as they are undecorated inside although handsomely designed. They were possibly dwelling houses of the priest, or guard houses to the shrine, but we were told that locally they are called kitchens although there appears to be no particular reason for this. Further on one passes on either side two square basins or ponds; in front rises a large stone platform, the main entrance to the temple, which is approached on three sides by flights of broad steps, the platform being supported all round by a colonnade of decorated stone pillars with capitals.

On the sides of the flights of steps are bases for statues, but many are missing, having been removed to museums. Of those remaining some have fallen down, though a few representing lions and mythological animals still remain. There are three porches, the central one being an especially beautiful piece of work. The square pillars on each side and the entablature are one mass of carving as is also the lintel of the doorway.

Beyond the porch is a vestibule from which cloisters run on either side completely round the whole inner building forming a first or bottom gallery of the main building. These cloisters are similar in general construction to the outer ones already described, having porches at all four corners with double roofs raised about the level of the cloisters, giving a fine massive appearance. This cloister has been well named the corridor of bas-reliefs, from the fact that from one end to the other every available space has been carved in relief. The amount of carving, when one considers that the wall of the gallery is over 1,000 metres long, is enormous and is said to cover 25,000 square metres. It is one of the most marvellous beauties of the whole buildings and would take days to examine. Nothing astonished us more than the magnificent execution and the height of technical art displayed. There is nothing crude about the work, the designs and workmanship being of great artistic work. Fortunately the whole is in a beautiful preservation, and much of it might have been finished yesterday, it is so clear and sharply cut. The scenes depicted are mostly from the Ramayana representing the battle between Rama and Ravana; there are also processions of chorists and elephants, the joys of Paradise and torments of Hell, voyages of ships, the inhabitants of the deep, and the triumphs of the Naga. On continuing through the central porch one passes under a covered way between four square stone lined

tanks or basins. These are now empty but no doubt were used by the priest for ceremonial purification before entering the sanctuary. Beyond the basins on either side are small buildings having the appearance of Greek temples with verandahs all round supported by a colonnade. At first sight one would have connected them with the water basins, but as they are not joined to them, but with the corridors of the first stage, they must have been used for some other purpose, probably guard houses, or dwelling places for the attendants of the temple, but if the latter, it is curious that they are such perfect specimens of architecture. They are known locally as libraries, but no documents or articles to identify them as such have been found and they are so small that it does not seem probable that was the purpose for which they were built. It is more likely that they were built to hold the sacred treasure as they are all and great trouble has been taken to decorate and beautify them. If this latter is the case it may account for their having been so much damaged whereas the adjoining cloisters are quite undamaged in any way. The inner or second stage is 3 metres above the first and is reached by 14 staircases eleven of which are open to the air and 3 vaulted. These latter are built in parallel galleries connected by a gallery which has the shape of a cross in plan thus forming 4 small courts surrounded by cloisters of which the ornamentation is of the most extraordinary richness.

(To be continued to-morrow.)

KING'S BIRTHDAY HOLIDAY

Alteration of Date Suggested.

The following correspondence has been sent us by the Secretary of the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce for publication:—

(Letter to the Government.)

Hongkong, 22nd May, 1913.
Sir,—I have the honour to inform you that the Exchange Banks being of opinion that Monday the 2nd June would be much more suitable as a holiday and would interfere less with business than Tuesday the 3rd June (King's Birthday) have requested this Chamber to suggest the alteration to the Government.

My Committee entirely agree with the Banks and believing the change of date to be in the interests of the business Community, trust the suggestion will have the approval of His Excellency the Governor.

I have the honour to be,
Your Obedient Servant,
(Sgd) A. R. LOWE,
Acting Secretary.

The Honourable,
The Colonial Secretary.

(Letter from the Government.)

Hongkong, 23rd May, 1913.
Sir,—In reply to your letter of the 22nd instant, I am directed to state for the information of the Chamber of Commerce Committee that His Excellency regrets his inability to comply with the request of the Exchange Banks in regard to the alteration of date, inasmuch as it is His Majesty the King's express wish that his birthday should be celebrated on the actual date of the anniversary.

This information was published in Gazette Notification No. 89 of the 24th March, 1911.

I am, Sir,
Your Obedient Servant,
(Sgd) A. M. THOMSON,
Colonial Secretary.

The Secretary,
Chamber of Commerce,
Hongkong.

CHOLERA AT LANTAU.

We have been informed that there has been an outbreak of cholera at Tai O, Lantau, which is supposed to have been caused by bad water. There have been many deaths and good supply of water has been sent over from Hongkong reservoirs, and various other material for assisting in combating the ravages of the terrible disease.

COMPANY MEETING.

The Star Ferry Company, Ltd.

An extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders in The "Star" Ferry Company Ltd. was held this afternoon at the offices of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co. The Hon. Mr. D. Landale presided, and there were also present:—Hon. Sir O. P. Chater, C.M.G. and Hon. Mr. E. Shellim (directors), Messrs. W.S. Brown (Acting Secretary), J. Scott Harston, A.H. Ferguson, A.W. Smith, M. S. Northcote, Ho Fook, A. A. Fyfe, J. W. O. Bonnar, J. W. Taylor, R. Smyth, G. Friesland, C. S. Gubbay and S. H. Dodwell. The meeting was called for the purpose of considering and passing the following resolutions, published in the notice convening the meeting:—

1. That the Capital of the Company be increased from \$300,000 to \$400,000 by the creation of 10,000 new shares of \$10 each.
2. That the Directors be and they are hereby authorised to distribute \$100,000 from the Reserve Fund among the persons who are registered as shareholders of the Company on such date as the Directors may decide by way of bonus in proportion to the number of shares held by them on such last mentioned date and that such bonus be payable on such date as the Directors may appoint.

Where such distribution would involve a payment of a fraction of cents such fraction shall be ignored.

That the Directors may be authorised to offer at par to every person registered as a shareholder on such date as the Directors may decide one new share of the Company for every complete three old shares held by him on which all calls have been paid such new share being (subject to the above condition as to fractions) equal in nominal amount to the bonus payable to him for every complete three old shares held by him under the last preceding clause and that the nominal amount of such new share be paid to the Company on or before such date as the Directors shall appoint.

4. That the offer of the new shares as referred to in resolution (3) must be accepted on or before such date as the Directors shall appoint.

5. That no shareholder shall be entitled to an offer of any fraction of a new share in respect of an odd share held by him.

6. That the Directors be authorised to dispose of any new shares offered to a shareholder and declined or not accepted within such time as the Directors may appoint and of any surplus new shares to such persons upon such terms and conditions and at such times as the Directors think fit.

The Secretary having read the notice convening the meeting, the Chairman said:—

Gentlemen,—As pointed out by me at our last annual meeting the amount of \$71,745.94 standing at credit of insurance fund has been transferred to reserve fund and this amount with the balance of the latter account (\$15,000) brought forward from last year, together with the addition of \$13,255.06 as per our last report, brings the total amount of the reserve fund to \$100,000 and the effect of the resolutions if sanctioned by you will be that this amount will be transferred from reserve fund to capital.

Your Directors consider that the general financial position of the company and the liquid assets we have in hand justify them in recommending this change to you.

Before formally proposing the resolutions I shall be glad to answer any questions from shareholders.

There being no questions, the Chairman said:—No shareholder has any questions to ask; I beg to propose the resolutions which you have just heard read.

Sir Paul Chater:—I beg to second that.

The Chairman, after putting the resolutions to the meeting:—Well, gentlemen, I declare the resolutions carried. That is all the business. I thank you for your attendance.

SPECIAL CABLES:

THE FIGHTING IN THE NORTH.

TWO JAPANESE STEAMERS FIRED UPON.

(Our Own Correspondent).

Shanghai, July 16.

There is a lull in the operations between the Northern and Kiangai troops at Kinkiang. Both parties are awaiting reinforcements, and both claim the advantage so far. Numbers of wounded have been brought to Kinkiang.

Two Japanese steamers have been fired upon, but the damage done is not serious in either case.

Movement Against President Yuan.

A rebel poster displayed at Nanking calls on the troops there to march against President Yuan Shih-kai and punish him for sending the Northern troops southward.

In Shanghai, 1,400 Northern troops in the Arsenal and 3,000 other troops are sympathetic with the aims of the Kuomintang.

THE CAUSEWAY BAY AFFAIR.

The Captive released by American Sailors.

As we stated yesterday afternoon, excitement was rife in the neighbourhood of Causeway Bay all day yesterday, owing to a story having got about that a Chinese was imprisoned in a hole in the rocks some distance behind the Asiatic Petroleum Company's storage tanks.

On the previous evening mysterious cries were heard proceeding from among the rocks; and these, of course, were attributed by the Chinese to devils. Yesterday morning the story was reported to the police, and on a search being made, it was found that a Chinese from Swatow was lying in a hole under several tons of granite rock. When an interpreter was procured, the prisoner said that devils had chased him into this retreat and that he had no wish to come out.

How did he get there?

How the man could have squeezed through a crevice that proved far too narrow to allow of his being pulled out again, remains a mystery. Food was offered him but he refused it, though he is said to have asked for water once or twice. During the morning the police, firemen and P.W.D. officials visited the place, and at one time it was thought that the latter would succeed in dragging him out; but he contrived to unfasten the rope that had been thrown round him.

Every subsequent attempt to get a grip of him failed, though the police worked untiringly. When a "Telegraph" representative reached the spot, efforts were being made by three of the police (who had lowered themselves into a hole which formed a sort of ante-chamber to the unfortunate man's prison) to drag him through a slightly larger opening; but the attempt was vain. So far as could be seen, the captive was pinned in almost a recumbent position by a jutting point of rock.

R.G.A. Called Out.

Dr. McKenny, the police surgeon, made several further attempts to dislodge him, but was no more successful than others had been, and the only way out of the difficulty appeared to be to move some of the surrounding rocks bodily. Accordingly the Captain Superintendent of Police appealed to the War Department for help; and Company 88 of the R.G.A. (about 120 strong) turned out with hand-spikes, ropes, and lever. Under the command of Captain Cunningham and Lieutenant Pym, these did their best to accomplish what the police and P.W.D. had failed over; and, in their turn, had to own themselves beaten. For a while it was hoped that they would be able to draw the man out by main force, for one of

the sergeants had succeeded in getting a rope slung round his legs. On this several men hauled; but, just when success seemed assured, it was found that they had but dragged him into more difficulty, having wedged him so tightly under the point of rock that pressed on his chest that he could hardly be moved either way without his ribs being caved in.

Frightened Chinese

A careful examination of the surroundings—showed that it would be impossible to lever away even one of the rocks, and that nothing but either patient man-work or else blasting would be of any use. The artillerymen left on after six o'clock and instructions were given for the P.W.D. to bring drilla. Unfortunately it was found that no Chinese could be persuaded to work at the job, so terrified were they of the alleged "devil"; and matters remained more or less at a standstill all the evening.

At midnight one of the P.W.D. officials returned to the scene, to find that five American blue-jackets, from the U.S.S. Wilmington, had volunteered to undertake the stone-hewing that the Chinese had refused to do. They worked for a while with some small chisels which they had with them, but these were found to be useless. One of the men thereupon trudged away to Taikei to his ship, and returned with larger tools and crowbars. With these, Petty Officers Long, Cameron and Meyers, assisted by Seamen Hesse and Tomzka, attacked the piece of rock that lay across the chest of the prisoner, who, remarkably enough, still retained consciousness, and continued muttering and murmuring to himself. The Americans toiled patiently at their difficult task, and at length were successful in chipping off an appreciable slice of the rock. Soon after, they found that the rejected hammering had so far loosened one of the rocks that they were able to shift it some eight or nine inches, thereby enlarging the crevice; and, soon after 4 o'clock in the morning, the Chinese was released, after some hours about thirty hours of captivity. He was still conscious when dragged out, but was unable to stand alone. Exhausted though he was, he seemed perfectly cheerful and pleased with himself. He was sent to the Government Civil Hospital, but, on examination, was found to be suffering from no more serious injury than sundry bruises and scratches. He is now confined to the Lunatic Asylum.

All praise is due to Petty Officer Long and his companions for the grit and patience displayed by them in their lengthy and troublesome task; and we most certainly hope that official notice will be taken of their humane act.

Interesting Photograph.

An interesting memento of the recent annual dinner of the China Society has been executed by Messrs. Jacks & Co., the well-known Regent-street photographers, in the shape of a picture which presents a striking likeness of the company present on the occasion. The master of the camera appears to have been more than usually successful, and everyone in the photograph is easily recognisable.

THE METRIC SYSTEM.

Favoured by the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce.

We have received copies of the following correspondence from the Secretary of the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce:—

The London Chamber of Commerce,
Oxford Court, Cannon Street,
E. C.

30th April, 1913.

E. A. M. Williams, Esq.,

Secretary,
Hongkong General Chamber
of Commerce,
Hongkong.

I beg to enclose copy of a letter which I have received from the Decimil Association, and also copy of the paragraph relating to China to which reference is made in the letter. If you can assist me in replying to this enquiry, so far, of course, as China is concerned, I shall be much obliged.

I may add that the Far Eastern Section passed a resolution in favour of the adoption of the Metric System of Weights Measures and Currency.

Yours faithfully,

(Sgd.) CHARLES SE. MUSGRAVE

Secretary,
(Copy of letter addressed to the Secretary (Far Eastern Section) London Chamber of Commerce by Secretary of the Decimil Association.)

The Decimil Association,
Finsbury Court, Finsbury Pavement, London, E. C.

21st April, 1913.

Dear Sir,—In enclosing a copy of this Association's report for the year 1912, I desire to draw your attention to two paragraphs which I think will interest your Committee, viz: those referring to China and Siam. With regard to the former, the information contained therein was obtained from "The National Review" of Shanghai and confirmed by the Chinese Consul here. Perhaps you will be able to give me some further information on this matter.

With regard to Siam, I have the news direct from the Ministry of Agriculture at Bangkok.

I was extremely pleased to read that you have recently passed a resolution favouring the introduction of the Metric weights and measures throughout the Empire. I should be much obliged if you would forward to me a formal extract from your Minutes showing this Resolution for my record.

I am, Dear Sir,

Yours faithfully,

(Sgd.) G. E. M. JOHNSON,

Secretary.

(Reply to the Secretary, Far Eastern Section, Chamber of Commerce London.)

Hongkong, 16th June, 1913.

Sir,—I am in receipt of your letter of 30th April last with reference to the Metric System of Weights Measures and Currency and am directed to inform you that this Chamber is not in a position to give you the information now desired by the Decimil Association but the letter is being passed on to the Secretary of the Shanghai Chamber who may be in a position to do so and is being asked to reply direct.

I am to add that the Committee of this Chamber have supported the Decimil Association's proposals from time to time and are still in full sympathy with its objects.

Yours faithfully,

(Sgd.) A. R. LOWE,

Acting Secretary.

The Secretary,
Far Eastern Section,
Chamber of Commerce,
London.

TYPHOON WARNING

The following telegram was received by the American Consulate General, from the Manila Observatory at 10.45 a.m. today:—

Cyclone or typhoon, in about 123 deg long. E. and 15 deg lat. N, moving N.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

FRESH MILK

No careful mother can afford to use any but

Pure Fresh Cow's Milk.

Baby's health is of greater moment than the few cents saved in using Tinned or other preserved milk.

The Dairy Farm Milk is Pure and Fresh and contains no preservatives of any kind.

"Dairy Farm Milk" means:—
Good, Clean & Wholesome Milk.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE EMPIRE.

In his book "The Public Schools and the Empire" Dr. H.B. Gray, Headmaster of Bradfield, summarises his experiences, which lead him to the conclusion that external control over all stages of education is, in the interests of Empire, the only remedy for the existing state of educational chaos, remarks a writer in the "Review of Reviews."

This opinion Dr. Gray holds—not through an undue bias in favour of extending the power of the State over the life of the individual citizen; not because the body of men who fill the ranks of the scholastic profession are not fit for independence and unfettered authority. On the contrary, he feels it to be a crying shame that they have been accorded so few marks of public recognition for their able, loyal, and self-denying services. But nothing short of external control will get rid of the chaotic and unsentimental system—or want of system—under which the education of the future citizen is carried out. For the grounds upon which Dr. Gray founds his conviction our readers must go the book itself; no short summary could give their value adequately.

Scarcely a phase of schoolboy life is left untouched in his book, but the one point upon which he lays great emphasis is the fact that revision must begin with the universities, meaning, of course, Oxford and Cambridge. The system by which boys who have not the least likelihood of going to any university—that is to say, the large majority of the scholars in our secondary schools—must pass under the yoke of the examinations of these rival universities is more than absurd, it is harmful to the last degree. Dr. Gray uses the term "rival universities" because while Oxford and Cambridge have a Joint Certificate Board there is no co-operation of the two Universities in working the ordinary locals. It requires but very little thought to see that this takes away much freedom for that individual expression upon which Dr. Gray so strongly insists.

BANDMANN OPERA COMPANY.

For their last night at the Theatre Royal the Bandmann Opera Company elected to give a general variety entertainment, which was so good that one could have wished for a repeat performance, if that had been possible. There was a fairly large audience, and all turns were received with marked approval and delight. Misses May Glenn and Moynan Hill were both in excellent voice, as were also the newly-engaged artists from London—Miss Addie Lennard—and Miss Violet Frampton. Mr. Frith was a good deal in evidence, and his song "Sausages" was regarded by many of those present as the hit of the evening. An exceedingly pretty tambourine dance by the Misses McKenzie, Romaine and Michael was well received; while Mr. McGrath gained his usual well-deserved amount of applause for his singing.

LOCAL SPORT.

WATER POLO. SHIELD COMPETITION. R.E. Versus B.O.C.

The Royal Engineers and the Boys' Own Club met yesterday afternoon at the V.R.C. bath in the above competition. A fast and exciting game resulted in a victory for the Sappers. The teams were:—

B.O.C.—M.A.R. Souza (goal); F.L. da Roza and R.A. Carvalho (backs); N.L. Railton (half back); A.R. Ellis, L.C. R. Souza and F.M. Ellis (forwards).

R.E.—Brown (goal), Watts and Devereux (backs); Tucker (half back); Wright, Morrish and Collins (forwards).

From the commencement of play the B.O.C. made a smart rush up and left the leather in play at the R.E.'s quarters. Souza made an attempt, but Brown cleared, and soon after this A.R. Ellis got possession of the ball and sent in a splendid shot from a difficult angle, which opened the scoring.

After this the play was in favour of Engineers. Morrish was unmarked and scored with a long shot, bringing the score one all. The "Boys" again left their men, and Collins, who was well up the bath, scored the second goal for the Engineers. This was equalised by Souza before the whistle sounded for half time.

In the second half play was exciting and a number of fouls were registered.

The Engineers scored two more goals, and thus won the game by four goals two.

The V.R.C. team meets the Royal Garrison Artillery this afternoon at 5.30 p.m. at the former Club's bath.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per s.s. Coblenz for Manila, New Guinea and Australia, on the 14th inst.

Bergling.	Maichaezeky, L.
Berger.	Madden, J.
Band, S.	Parsons, W. L.
Dyson, L.	Richard Toovey
Dozenet Westerman.	Russell, W. M.
Goldenberg, B.	Rottmeyer, E.
Hanson, Miss R.	Ruhnhe, E.
H.	Schunemann, E.
Humphreys, Mrs.	Smith, Roy, H.
& Miss	Shawson, W. J.
Hayden, Mrs. L.	Schmid, J. A.
Henry Golder.	& Mrs. C.
berg, Miss.	Speich, Miss. C.
Jaspard Clarky.	Schambecky, L.
Liefgang, Mr. & Mrs.	Tox, F. L.
Mrs.	Seest, Rev. de
McDowell, Mr.	Wendhoist, W.
& Mrs. Chas.	

Per s.s. Kaga Maru, sailing from Hongkong on 16th July, for London.

Asakura, S.	McFarlane,
Booth, Mr. & Mrs.	Rev. A. J.
Mrs.	Mizuno, Mrs. I.
Bowden, Mr. & Mrs.	Nomura, M.
Mrs. F. K.	Ohta, Y.
Bunji, C.	Ozawa, Mrs. A.
Chakraya, Com.	Polinovsky, A.
Chan Siu Ming.	Sakai, T.
Chan Yue.	Sani, J.
Elphone, Mr. & Mrs.	Semoine, C.
Mrs. W. P. M.	Sonoda, Y.
Bayashi.	Stuart, Miss J.
Hirai, M.	Suzuki, T.
Hirahara, Mrs. B.	Tai Ku, Mrs.

To-day's Advertisement.

TO LET.

TO LET.—No. 3, "ORMSBY VILLAS" Granville Road, Kowloon, from 1st August. Apply to: SPANISH DOMINICAN PROCUSSION, No. 2, Seymour Road, Hongkong.

MACKINTOSH

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"MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS"

WHITE
DRILL, SERGE
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FLANNEL

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FROM \$4.50 per pair.

16 DES VŒUX ROAD.

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New Delivery of Washing
Materials For Dresses.

EXCELLENT VALUE

50 CENTS PER YARD.

SEE WINDOWS FOR SPECIAL DISPLAY OF THESE GOODS.

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A RARE OPPORTUNITY.
CARPETS CARPETS

Having a pretty heavy stock of INDIAN CARPETS on hand we are clearing them at extremely low prices, approaching very near their cost, and earnestly advise our valued customers and patrons not to miss this opportunity which may not come round again. A trial visit would be more convincing than saying anything further.

MEHTA & CO.

SILK MERCHANTS.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDINGS.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

JUST ARRIVED

FRANK COOPER'S

"OXFORD"

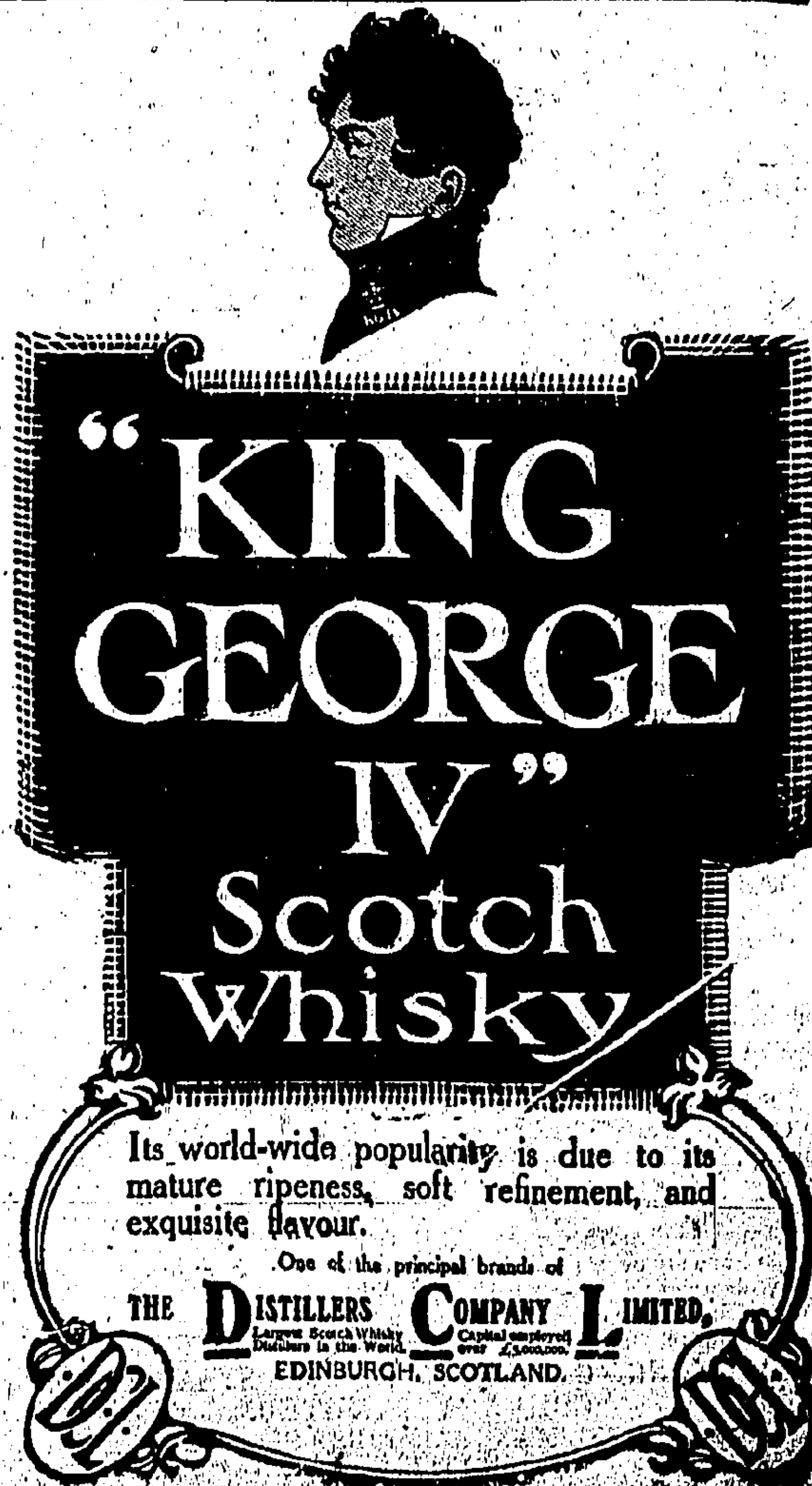
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SEVILLE MARMALADE.

WARRANTED PURE.

IN JARS, & TINS.

TELEPHONE No. 97.



"KING GEORGE IV" Scotch Whisky

Its world-wide popularity is due to its mature ripeness, soft refinement, and exquisite flavour.

One of the principal brands of

THE DISTILLERS COMPANY LIMITED,
Edinburgh, Scotland.

Shipping

INDO-CHINA STEAM
NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

(Projected Sailings from Hongkong.—Subject to Alteration.)
 For Steamship On
 KOBÉ and MOJI SATSUNG* .. Fri., 17th July, at noon
 SHANGHAI CHOYANG* .. Fri., 18th July, at daylight
 S'FORE & Sourabaya CHUNSONG* .. Sat., 19th July, at noon
 MANILA LOONGSANG* .. Sat., 19th July, at 2 p.m.
 Tientsin via Swatow CHEONGSHING* .. Sun., 20th July, at daylight
 Weihaiwei & Chefoo YUENSANG* .. Sat., 26th July, at 2 p.m.
 RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN (Occupying 24 days)
 The steamers "Kutsang," "Namsang" and "Fooksang" leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and Japan returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong. Time occupied 20 days. This service is supplemented by the "Lalsang" and "Kumsang" leaving Hongkong at regular intervals for Yokohama, Kobe and Moji and returning thence direct to Hongkong. Time occupied 16 days.
 The steamers "Choyang," "Kwongsang," and "Hangsang" will call at Swatow on their way down from Shanghai.
 These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.
 A duly qualified surgeon is also carried.
 * Steamers have superior accommodation for First-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.
 † Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chefoo, Tientsin, Dally, Weihaiwei, Tsingtau.
 For Freight or Passage,
 Apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LD.**
 Telephone No. 215. General Managers.

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PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.
 Subject to change without Notice.
 "Shire" Line Service.—Homeward.
 For Steamship Date of Sailing.
 LONDON & ANTWERP FLINTSHIRE About 20th July.
 LONDON, HULL & LEITH MONMOUTHSHIRE 5th August
 LONDON & ANTWERP FALLS OF ORCHY 20th August
 New Trans-Pacific "Shire" & "Glen" Joint Service.
 VICTORIA VVER, STLE, DEN OF RUTHVEN about 28th July.
 TACOMA & PLAND DEN OF CROMBIE 12th Aug
 VICTORIA VVER, STLE, DEN OF GLAMIS 21st Sat.
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 Cargo accepted on through Bills of Lading to all ports in Europe and North and South America.
 For Freight or Passage, apply to
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CO., LTD.

NEW SERVICE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN
 YOKOHAMA, KOBE, HONGKONG AND RANGOON.
 WESTWARD.
 The S.S. "ITOLA" 5257 tons gross, Capt. W. W. Tucker, will be despatched for SINGAPORE, PENANG & RANGOON on the 17th July at 4 p.m. taking cargo and passengers at current rates.
 For Freight and Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
 Telephone No. 215. AGENTS.
 Hongkong, 16th July, 1913.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD
& ENGINEERING CO. OF
HONGKONG, Ltd.
TAIKOO DOCKYARD,
HONGKONG.

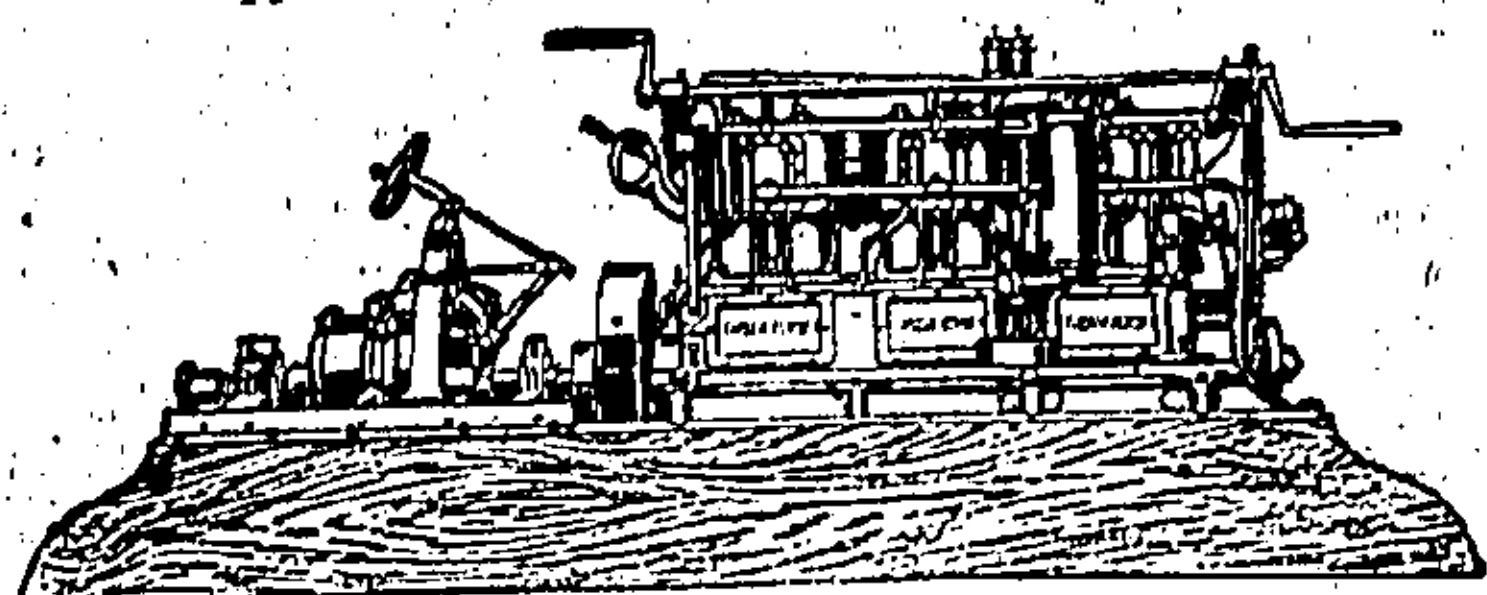
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 Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships,
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 Pumps empty Dock in 2-3/4 hours.

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 displacement, providing conditions for painting ships with most
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 100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVER-
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JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & CO., LTD.
 PETROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7-1/2 to
 150 H.P.
 As supplied to the British Admiralty & War Office.



O.S. type Motor and Reverse Gear.
 B.H.P. Paraffin 70, Petrol 80.

MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUN-
 BOATS, LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS AND PLEASURE
 CRAFT OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
 MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR
 VEHICLES, etc.

Dockyard Manager, Mr. J. REID, can be seen between the hours of
 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the Town Office.
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
 HONGKONG, CHINA & JAPAN, AGENTS.
 Telegraphic Address: "TAIKOODOCK."
 TELEPHONE No. 122

VESSELS TAKING CARGO.

European Ports.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Apply To	To be Dispatched.
London and Antwerp	Flintshire	J. M. & Co.	17 July
do do	Monmouthshire	J. M. & Co.	3 August
London via Usual Ports of Call	China	P. & O. Co.	19 July
London & Antwerp via Singapore, &c.	Sardinia	P. & O. Co.	23 July about
Havre, London & Antwerp	Glenstrae	S. T. & Co.	18 July about
Havre, Dunkirk, Rotterdam & Hamburg, &c.	Bermuda	H. A. L.	18 August
Marseilles &c.	Ernest Simons	M. M. Co.	29 July
Marseilles, London & Antwerp via S'pore, &c.	Kaga Maru	N. Y. K.	16 July
Marseilles, Havre and Hamburg	Proussen	H. A. L.	10 August
Havre & Hamburg	Goldenfels	H. A. L.	20 July
Trieste, Fiume, Venice via Singapore, &c.	E. F. Ferdinand	S. W. & Co.	31 July, about

New York, San Francisco and Canada.

New York	Pathan	D. & Co. Ltd.	23 July
Mexican, Peruvian and Chili Ports via Japan	Kiyo Maru	T. K. K.	5 August
San Francisco via Keelung & Japan &c.	Shiyo Maru	T. K. K.	7 August
San Francisco via Manila and Japan, &c.	Siberia	P. M. Co.	18 July
do do do	China	P. M. Co.	29 July
Victoria, B.C., & Tacoma via Keelung, &c.	Mexico Maru	O. S. K.	23 July
Vancouver, S'pore and/or Tacoma, & Pland (Or.)	Brigavia	H. A. L.	25 July
Vancouver via Shanghai and Japan, &c.	E. of Russia	C. P. R. Co.	16 July
do do do	Monteagle	C. P. R. Co.	30 August
Vancouver, Portland, &c.	Den of Ruthven	J. M. & Co.	27 July

Australia.

Australian Ports via Manila	Eastern	G. L. & Co.	19 July
do do	Inaba Maru	N. Y. K.	30 July
do do	Taiyuan	B. & S.	16 July
do do	Changsha	B. & S.	25 August

Singapore, Coast Ports and Japan.

Batavia, Cheribon, Samarang, &c.	Tjitaroem	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do do	Tjilimah	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
Japan	Tjiluwong	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do do	Tjimanoeck	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do do	Australien	M. M. Co.	27 July
Kobe	P. Sigismund	M. & Co.	22 July, about
Kobe & Yokohama	Miyasaki Maru	N. Y. K.	17 July
Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama	Kirin Maru	N. Y. K.	21 July
Yokohama and Kobe via Shanghai	Vorwaerts	S. W. & Co.	31 July, about
Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama	Nikko Maru	N. Y. K.	30 July
Moji, Kobe and Yokohama	Lazon Maru	O. S. K.	18 July
Manila	Loongsang	J. M. & Co.	19 July
do do do	Yuensang	J. M. & Co.	28 July
Manila, Mangarin, Iloilo and Cebu	Zafiro	S. T. & Co.	16 July
do do do	Rubi	S. T. & Co.	26 July
Weihaiwei and Tientsin	Huichow	B. & S.	17 July
do do do	Kuichow	B. & S.	20 July
Tsingtau, Chefoo & Newchwang	Kansu	B. & S.	16 July
Tientsin	Cheongshing	J. M. & Co.	17 July
Singapore and Sourabaya	Ohunsang	J. M. & Co.	19 July
Singapore, Penang, & Calcutta	Jelunga	D. S. & Co.	26 July
Shanghai and Japan	Silesia	H. A. L.	20 July
do do do	Belgravia	H. A. L.	30 July
Shanghai, Kobe & Moji	Thongwa	D. S. & Co.	22 July
Swatow, Amoy & Foochow	Haitan	D. L. & Co.	18 July
do do do	Haiyang	D. L. & Co.	22 July
Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama	Shiyo Maru	N. Y. K.	16 July
do do do	Nankin	P. & O.	28 July, about
Foochow via Swatow and Amoy	Kaijo Maru	O. S. K.	16 July
Shanghai, Tsingtau, Kobe and Yokohama	Tijlatap	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do do	Prinzess Alice	M. & Co.	23 July about
Shanghai	Tjibodas	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do do	Tjikini	J. O. J. L.	Quick despatch
do do do	Bohemia	S. W. & Co.	1 August
do do do	Assaye	P. & O. Co.	17 July about
do do do	Ernest Simons	B. & S.	17 July
do do do	Lachow	B. & S.	17 July
do do do	Ohoyang	J. M. & Co.	18 July
do do do	Linan	B. & S.	19 July
Kudat and Sandakan	Borneo	M. & Co.	End of July

MOVEMENTS OF
STEAMERS.VESSELS ADVERTISED TO
DEPART TO-MORROW.

For.	Vessels.
Port Bayard	Hue.
Tientsin	Huichow.
Kobe	Yatsing.
Macao	Sui Tai.
Tsingtau	Kansu.
Shanghai	Luichow.
Shanghai	Assaye.

VESSELS ADVERTISED TO
ARRIVE TO-MORROW.

From.	Vessels.
Singapore	Assaye.

AMERICAN MAIL.

The P. M. s.s. Manchuria with the United States Mail, left Yokohama on Tuesday, July 15th for Hongkong, via Kobe, Nagasaki and Manila.
 The P. M. s.s. Siberia, will be dispatched from this port on Friday, July 18 instead of Saturday, July 19, as previously advised. The sailing hour will hour will be 1 o'clock p.m. as usual.
 The P. M. s.s. China, carrying the American Mail, sailed from Yokohama for Hongkong, via Manila, July 10th.
 The T.K.K. s.s. Chiyo Maru arrived at Yokohama from Honolulu on the 18th July and is due in Hongkong via Manila on the 31st inst.

The T. K. K. s.s. Nippon Maru leaves San Francisco for Hongkong on the 19th inst., and is due here on the 16th August.

The T. K. K. s.s. Tenyo Maru arrives at San Francisco from Honolulu on the 19th inst., and leaves again for Hongkong on the 26th inst.

CANADIAN MAIL.

The C. P. R. s.s. Monteagle left Yokohama on the 2nd July at 2 p.m.

ENGLISH MAIL.

The P. & O. s.s. Assaye left Singapore for this Port on the 12th inst., at 10 a.m. with the outward English Mail, and is due here on the 17th inst., at about 5 a.m.

GERMAN MAIL.

The I. G. M. s.s. Prinzess Alice carrying the German Mail with dates from Berlin of the 25th of June left Colombo on the 12th of July and may be expected here on or about the 23rd of July.

THOS. COOK & SON,
Tourist, Steamship and Forwarding Agents,
Bankers, &c.

Head Office for the Far East:—16, DES VCEUX ROAD, HONG-
 KONG. SHANGHAI: 2-3, FOOCHOW ROAD. YOKOHAMA:
 32, WATER STREET. MANILA: MANILA HOTEL.

TICKETS SUPPLIED TO EUROPE by the principal STEAMSHIP
 LINES and TRANS-SIBERIAN RAILWAY.
 TOURS arranged to ALL PARTS of the WORLD.
 BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.
 LETTERS of CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and
 CASHED.
 22] Chief Office:—LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON, E.C.

BRITISH INDIA S. N.
CO., LTD.
APCAR LINE.

Regular Service Between
 CALCUTTA, STRAITS, SHANGHAI and JAPAN PORTS.

EASTWARD.

S.S. "THONGWA" 5298 tons, Capt. Robins, will be despatched for SHANGHAI, KOBE and MOJI on 22nd July.
 S.S. "TORILLA" 5,203 tons, Capt. Swanson, will be despatched to KOBE and MOJI (Yokohama if sufficient inducement offers) on 26th July.

WESTWARD.

S.S. "JELUNGA" 5,206 tons, Capt. Sullivan, will be despatched for SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA on 26th July.
 S.S. "ARRATON APCAR" 4,450 tons, Capt. W. Walker, will be despatched as above on 2nd August.
 The above steamers have excellent saloon accommodation for passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

For freight or passage, apply to,
DAVID SASSOON & CO. LTD.
 Hongkong, July 11th, 1913. Agents

Russian Volunteer Fleet.

Next sailings from Hongkong—
 To VLADIVOSTOCK via NAGASAKI The
 S.S. "YAROSLAV" 4494 R.T. Commander L. Alexeeff,
 ABOUT 23rd day of July 1913.
 To ODESSA via ports The S.S. "VORONEJ"
 5616 R.T. Commander Bakanoff, ABOUT 24th day of
 July 1913.

The exact dates of sailing for both the vessels
 will be published after receipt of telegrams from the
 last ports of call.

For Freight, Passage and further particulars
 please apply to
Capt. D. A. LUKHMANOFF,
 Agent

Hotel Mansions, 3rd Floor,
 Rooms Nos 12A & 14.
 Hongkong, 27th June, 1913.

Telephone No. 1224.

BOLINDERS CRUDE-

OIL MOTORS.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL MOTOR.

"The Marine Motors are direct Reversible."

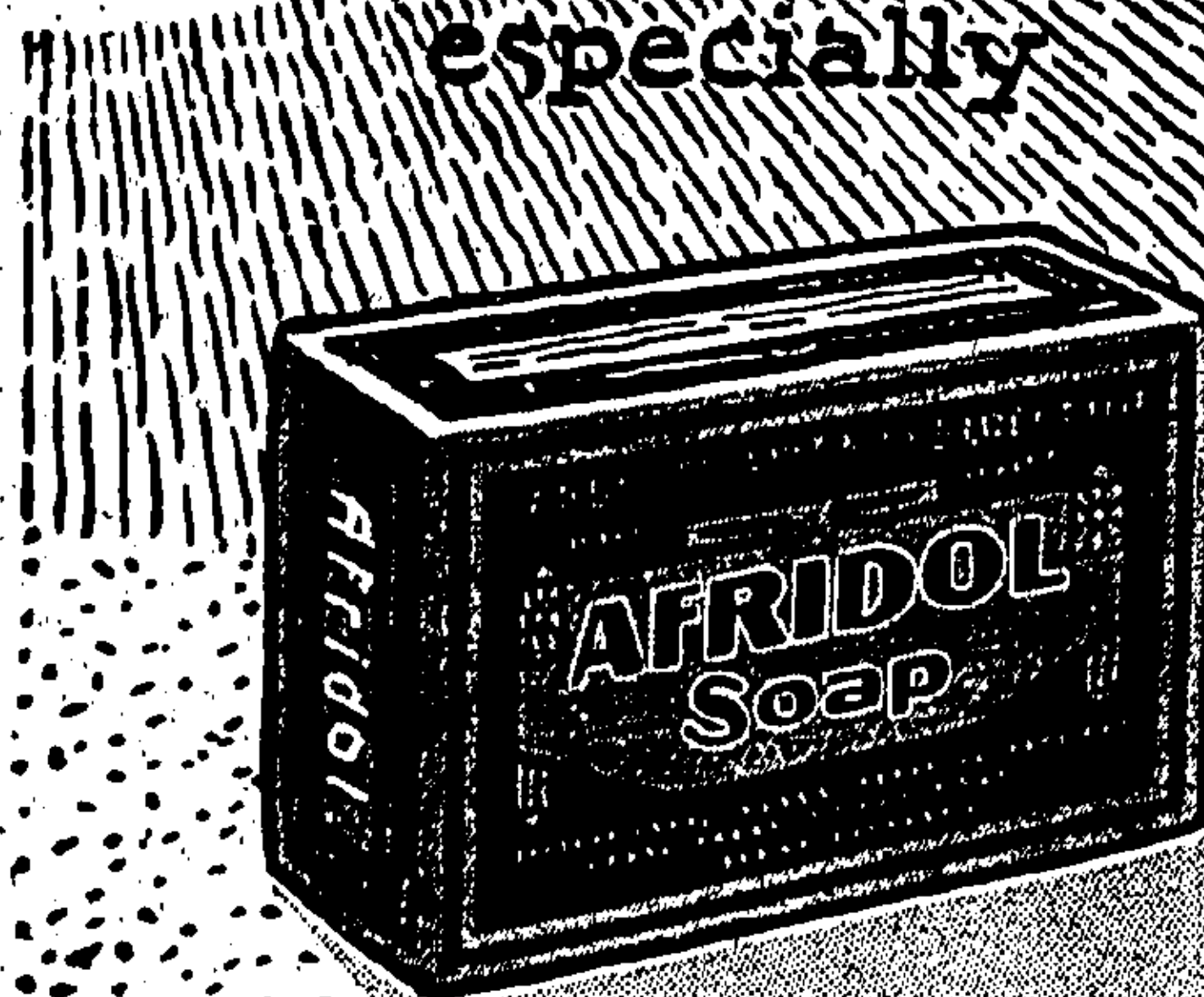
ULDERUP & SCHLUTER.

HONGKONG,

21, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL.

Afridol Soap

gives splendid results in all kinds of skin diseases especially



Prickly Heat



Consignees

AMERICAN & MANOHURIAN LINE.

FROM NEW YORK.

THE Steamship

"KANSAS"

Captain R. Linklater, having arrived from the above Port, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the godowns, where they will be examined on THURSDAY, 17th inst., at 10 a.m.

All claims must be presented within fifteen days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 17th inst., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.

Agents.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1913. (899)

"MOGUL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship "LENNOX."

From GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL and STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of Moller's Wharf at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 21st inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 11th prox., or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined on the 21st inst. at 11 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, 14th July, 1913.

Consignee

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA. NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. FROM EUROPE, COLOMBO AND STRAITS.

THE Company's Steamship

"MIYAZAKI MARU."

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted outmark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional goods will be carried on unless instructions are given to the contrary before Noon, to-day.

Goods not cleared by the 21st July, will be subject to rent.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignee's and the Co.'s representatives at an appointed hour. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 17th inst., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Agents.

Hongkong, 14th July, 1913. (844)

To Sail

FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE AND MOJI.

THE Steamship

"THONGWA."

Capt. O. M. Robins, will be despatched for the above ports on Tuesday, the 22nd inst. at 4 p.m.

The steamer has superior accommodation for passengers, is installed throughout with Electric Light and carries a duly certified doctor.

Return Tours to Japan (occupying 20 days.)

The Steamers leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and Kobe (Inland Sea), returning via Moji, providing a stay of 5 to 6 days in Japan.

Return tickets are available by the Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Steamers. Fare for round trip 2-20.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1913. (853)

Regular Steamship Service

With Liberty to call at the Malabar Coast. Proposed Sailing From Hongkong.

FOR NEW YORK.

S.S. "PATHEAN" on or about 28th July.

For Freight and further information apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

Agents.

Hongkong, 26th June, 1913.



SORE THROAT:

Its Cause and Cure.

Few ailments are more painful and annoying than Sore Throat, which is so prevalent just now.

This complaint always means that the sufferer has inhaled germs—particles of vegetable life so extremely minute that, when seen through the microscope, they look like little specks, as shown in the above disc.

The quickest and most thorough way of killing these germs is to suck a few Formamint Tablets. The pain and swelling rapidly diminish, the mouth and throat feel thoroughly clean and refreshed, and in a short time the Sore Throat is cured.

Formamint is just as effective, too, as a preventive of Sore Throat and of much more dangerous epidemic diseases like Diphtheria, Consumption of the Lungs, Scarlet Fever, and Measles.

Praised by 7,000 Physicians.

Wulff's Formamint Tablets are held in the highest esteem by medical men. For instance, a physician writes in "The Practitioner": "I have never had Sore Throat myself since I began to use Formamint, although I suffered periodically before."

Formamint is habitually used by well-known people like the Right Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, M.P., Lord Justice Buckley, and Sir Gilbert Parker, M.P. To take only a few examples, Lord Grafton writes: "I have been using Formamint for Sore Throat with most satisfactory results." Signor Caruso, the world-famous tenor, writes: "I have found Wulff's Formamint Tablets very beneficial to the throat and pleasant to the taste." The Bishop of Bath and Wells writes: "Wulff's Formamint is a remedy and preventive of the value of which is appreciated in this house."

Such eminent people would not allow their names to be published if they had not proved the efficacy of Formamint. Their names are a guarantee that it would be worth your while to try Formamint, which can be obtained of all Chemists, and also to send this coupon for a Free Copy of a valuable Handbook on Sore Throat, Diphtheria, etc., written by a London physician.

Only a limited number of copies are available for free distribution, and there is sure to be a quick demand for these. Post this coupon at once, and thus make sure of securing your copy. Wulff's Formamint can be obtained of all Chemists, in bottles containing 10 tablets. Insist on the genuine Formamint, and refuse worthless and harmful substitutes.

FREE HANDBOOK

Please send me a Free Copy of "Hints on Sore Throat."

Name

Address

A. Wulff & Co., 6, Kinkiang Road, Shanghai.

T. 23/155.

Notices.

BEAR BRAND MILK.



NATURAL SWISS MILK STERILISED.

This Milk once opened, keeps longer than ordinary Milk and can be used for any purpose for which ordinary Cows' Milk is generally used.

SOLE AGENTS.

F. BLACKHEAD & CO.,

ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING.

Tel. 66.

J. T. SHAW.

21, HONGKONG BUILDINGS.

TELEPHONE No. 692.

SPECIAL WINDOW DISPLAY

OF

VACUUM FLASKS.



WE STOCK A LARGE & VARIED ASSORTMENT OF THESE FLASKS RANGING IN PRICE AND SIZE TO SUIT EVERYONE.

KEEP YOUR LIQUIDS EITHER HOT or COLD.

ICE CREAM JARS

FOR

CARRYING ICE CREAM ON A PINT TO THREE QUARTS.

21, HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDINGS, HONGKONG

THE EASTERN BAZAAR.

(W. ASSOUMAL & CO.).

LATE OF 10 D'AGUIAR STREET, HAVE NOW REMOVED TO MORE COMMODIOUS PREMISES SITUATE AT No. 35, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL. ADDITION TO OUR

SILKS WE HAVE OPENED UP AN ELEGANT NEW LINE IN VARIOUS KINDS OF JEWELLERY.

JUST ARRIVED.

Large Consignment Best Turkish Cigarettes,

M. C. C.

In Tins of 100, 50 and 20. Cork Tipped, Gold Tipped and Plain.

TURCO-EGYPTIAN TOBACCO STORE.

Notice

WING KEE & CO.

47-49, Connaught Rd.

SHIP CHANDLERS,

PROVISION & COAL

MERCHANTS.

Hongkong, 23rd May, 1912.

Chinese Immigrants in Canada.

Chinese immigrants to Canada contributed \$3,339,443 to the revenue last fiscal year. The law provides that half the poll tax shall go to the province where entry is first made into Canada. The tax is \$500 per head. There

were 367 Chinese admitted under the exemption clause for students, merchants, &c. Altogether there are now about 30,000 Chinese in the Dominion, of whom 20,000 are in British Columbia and 3,000 in Ontario.

Sir R. K. Douglas' Estate.

Sir Robert Kennaway Douglas, of Aotou Turville, Chippenham, Wiltshire at one time in the China Consular Service, and for some years Keeper of Oriental Books and Manuscripts in the British Museum, and from 1903-1908 Professor of Chinese in King's College, London, author of several works on China, who died May 20 last, aged 74 years, left estate valued for probate at £302. Sir Robert Douglas confirmed the appointment of the funds of his marriage settlement, made in 1868, and he left all his other property to his wife, Dame Rachel Charlotte Kirkby Douglas.

Notices

SHOPPING MADE EASY.

THE STORE FOR EVERYONE

The Queen's Road Central Co.

AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS.

ONE OF OUR SPECIALTIES:

HIGH CLASS TAILORS & EXPERIENCED CUTTERS Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

THE ONE PRICE STORE.

HIGH STANDARD OF QUALITY.

CHEAPEST STORE IN THE EAST.

Queen's Road, Central: The Old Supreme Court, Telop one 1450.

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EDISON'S LATEST INVENTION.

MOTION PICTURES.

TALKING PICTURES

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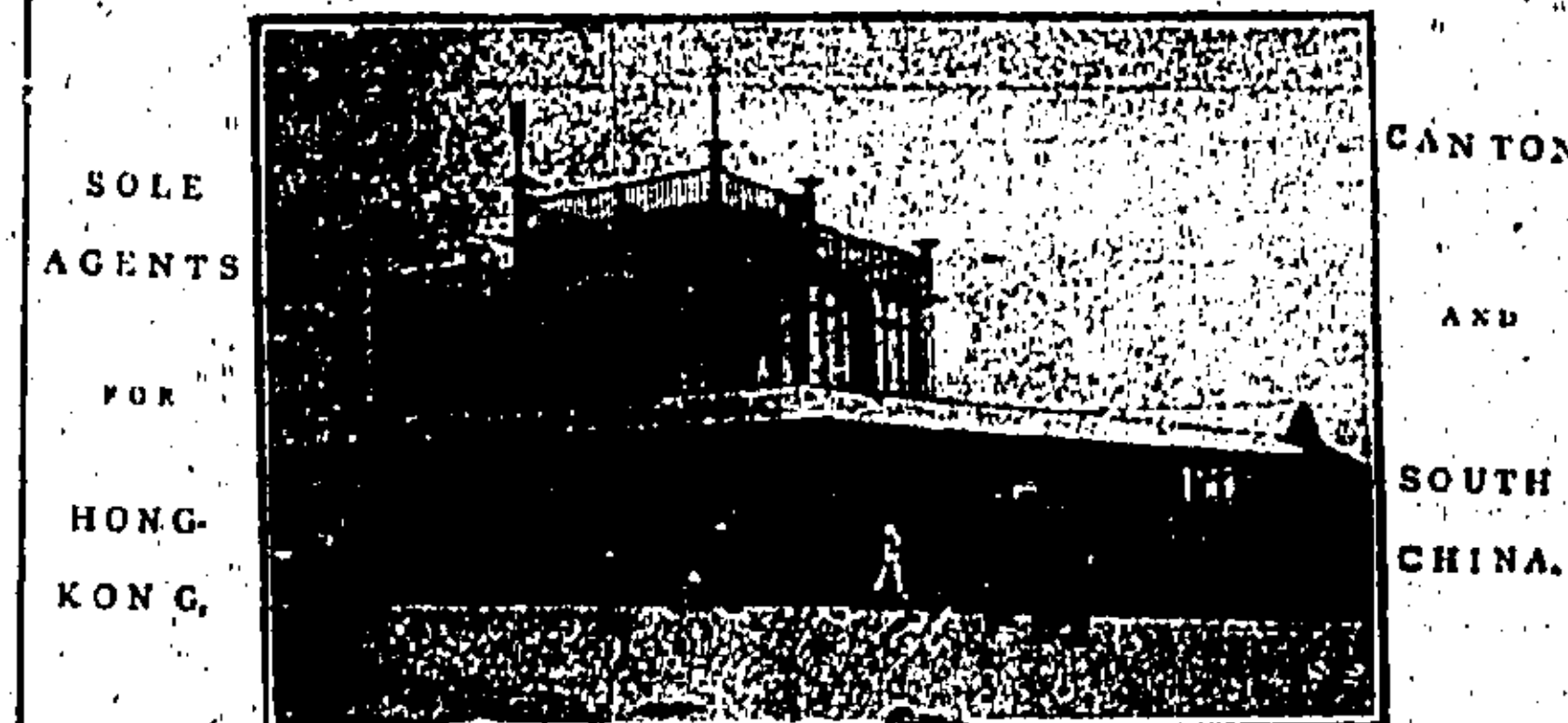
THE EDISON KINETOPHONE AGENCY.

P.O. BOX 225.

Cable Address: KINETOPHON.

SOLIGNUM

Is the best preservative of wood from decay, dry rot and vermin. It is easily applied, has great covering power, and in addition to its preserving properties makes a most artistic stain in all woodwork, whether inside or outside. SOLIGNUM IS DEATH TO THE WHITE ANT. MADE IN SEVERAL SHADES OF BROWN, GREEN & RED. The whole of the superstructural woodwork of the new Star Ferry Pier at Hongkong has been treated with "Solignum."



SIEMSEN & Co. (Machinery Dept.) Hongkong & Canton

A GENERAL FAVOURITE

BOTH IN THE KITCHEN AND DINING ROOM.

MILKMAID

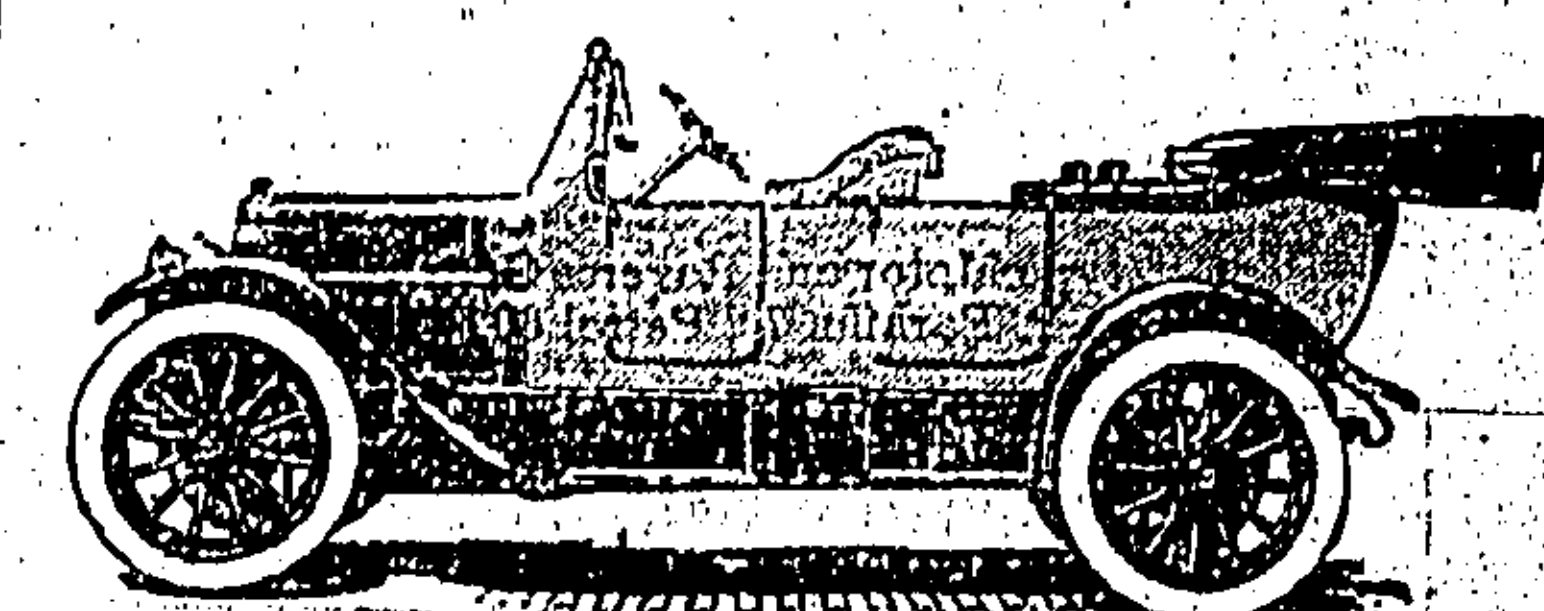
STERILIZED

NATURAL

MILK



Pleases Everybody because it is Reliable. It is Pure, Rich, fresh Milk, preserved only by the process of Sterilization, but NOT CONDENSED. Obtainable at all stores: packed in two sizes.



LAW & SONS Studebaker No. 3 Boddell St. Sole Agents.

COMMERCIAL.

The Petroleum Industry in Japan.

The "Osaka Mainichi" notes that the petroleum industry in Echigo or Niigata prefecture, which has shown a marked improvement by the successful operation of the rotary-drill system, promises to be more prosperous than ever. Several smaller wells at Niitsu are now reported to have yielded oil. The daily output of the Nippon Petroleum Company is said to have increased by over 800 koku, bringing up the figures to about 2,300 koku, and the daily output of the Hoken Petroleum Company has also increased to about 2,500 koku. If the output increases at the present rate, continues the Osaka journal, it will not be long before the daily production of each of the companies reaches 3,000 koku. Taking the amount of refined illuminating oil obtained at 60 per cent. of the yield, when 6,000 koku of crude oil are obtained daily, about 100,000 koku or 500,000 cases a month, or 6,000,000 cases of lamp oil, will be produced a year. The annual demand for oil in Japan is about 10,000,000 cases, so that when 6,000 koku of crude oil are produced a day in Niigata prefecture, about half the demand in Japan can be supplied by the Echigo oil. Consequently, the petroleum companies in Japan are considering measures for doubling the present daily output, when foreign petroleum will be entirely driven out of the Japanese market. The demand for petroleum in Japan has been affected by the wider use of electric and gas light to the extent of about 30 per cent. The course foreign oil companies will take to compete with Japanese oil is an interesting speculation, says the "Mainichi." Both the Standard and the Rising Sun Oil Companies, goes on the Osaka journal, are striving hard to sell their oil in Japan by investing a considerable amount of capital, and cannot be expected to strike their flimsy and retreat without a struggle. They are sure to resist the Japanese attempt to capture the market. When the Panama Canal is opened next year, a revolution will come about in regard to the transmission of American petroleum to Japan. The opening of the canal will not only reduce freight, but the time required for transmission will also be much reduced, which will lead to still more acute competition.

Mr. Takada, Director of the Industrial Bureau in the Formosan Government, passed through Shimomoseki the other day on his way to Tokyo. In an interview with the "Asahi" correspondent, Mr. Takada recalled that the Hoken Petroleum Company first sunk a petroleum well at Byoritsu in 1909, but the result was unsatisfactory. The Formosan Government granted a subsidy of Yen. 20,000 for the purpose of continuing the boring to a depth of 2,000 feet. This work was commenced in February last, and when a depth of 500 feet was reached, oil was tapped. On boring further, at 717 feet a spring was tapped, oil gushing up to a height of 36 feet, the daily output of oil now being 50 koku. Preparations were being made to obtain oil by means of the rotary system. The deposit was expected to prove the best in Japan.

Their Majesties Courts.

Their Majesties the King and Queen have held two Courts at Buckingham Palace during the week ending June 13, the last of the season, and both were brilliant functions. A large number of debutantes were presented on each occasion. Amongst the members of diplomatic corps invited on 9th ult. were the Siamese Minister and Luang Sompaketch, whilst on the following evening the invited guests included the Japanese Ambassador and Mr. Koike, and the Siamese Minister and Nai Tiem. The presentations in the General Circle on the latter occasion included that of Lady Hart, by her mother-in-law, the Dowager Lady Hart.

Entertainments

VICTORIA THEATRE.

A COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME FOR

Tuesday 15th & Wednesday 16th

INCLUDING THE GREAT DRAMATIC FILM

"The Brother & Sister."

ENORMOUS SUCCESS OF

Olga Montez & Kitty Raynor.

LATEST SONGS & DANCES.

SATURDAY 19TH JULY.

THE SUPERB, MODERN, MILITARY FILM

"On the Steps of the Throne" IN THREE PARTS.

BIJOU SCENIC THEATRE.

9.15 P.M. EVERY EVENING 9.15 P.M.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT OF

Miss NORA MOORE

THE POPULAR SOPRANO.

TOM RICHARDS, THE RAG TIME KING,

WILL OPEN ON WEDNESDAY NEXT FOR

ONE WEEK ONLY.

7.15 p.m. PICTURES ONLY 7.15 p.m.

Hongkong Tramway Co.

BATHING BY MOONLIGHT AT NORTH POINT.

BY KIND PERMISSION OF CAPTAIN ZEDER, THE BAND OF THE P.M.S.S. COMPANY'S "SIBERIA" WILL PLAY ON THE BEACH FROM 9 P.M. TO 11 P.M. ON

WEDNESDAY, JULY 16th.

SPECIAL CARS will leave the Post Office every few minutes.

TENTS provided for use of bathers.

Public Companies

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Company Limited.

AN Interim Dividend of Three and half Dollars per share for the six months ending 30th June, will be payable on Monday 28th July, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's office.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Saturday the 19th July to Monday the 25th July, (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By order of the Board of Directors
A. SHELTON HOOPER, Secretary.
Hongkong, 11th July, 1913. [354]

NOTICE.

THE WEST POINT BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN Interim Dividend of Two Dollars per share for the six months ending 30th June will be payable on Monday 28th July on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's office.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Saturday the 19th July to Monday the 25th July (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By order of the Board of Directors
A. SHELTON HOOPER, Secretary to the HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED.
General Agents for the WEST POINT BUILDING COMPANY, LTD.
Hongkong, 11th July, 1913. [698]

Notices

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified that applications are invited for the vacant posts of two Probationer Nurses in the Civil Medical Department.

Applications must be in the handwriting of the candidates accompanied by certificates of character, and be forwarded to the undersigned.

For full particulars please apply to the Matron at the Civil Hospital.

J. T. C. JOHNSON,
Principal Civil Medical Officer.
Hongkong, 10th July, 1913. [499]

LESSONS IN CHINESE.

MR LI HON FAN, a Chinese graduate versed in literature, has been a teacher to European officials and merchants in this Colony for over ten years.

He has a good method of training Europeans to pass in the Chinese examination, and is possessed of a first rate certificate as a Chinese teacher.

Those who intend learning the Chinese language are requested to write care of "Hongkong Telegraph" office or direct to 87 Hollywood Road, 1st floor Hongkong, 29th Jan. 1913 [314]

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT Co., Ltd.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 22nd July, to 5th August, both days inclusive. By Order of the Board of Directors.
W. E. CLARKE, Secretary
Hongkong, July 8th, 1913.

Banks

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

Head Office—60, Wall Street, New York.

London Office—1, Bishopsgate, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Bombay
Calcutta
Canton
Cebu
Colon
Hankow
Harbin
Hongkong
Kobe
Manila
Peking
San Francisco
Shanghai
Tientsin
Yokohama

Capital and Reserve Funds—\$1,000,000 (Gold)

N.B.—The Corporation is a member of the Federal Reserve System.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened on the usual terms.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, fixed for one year at 4 per cent. or for shorter periods, at rates which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS NEGOTIATED AND COLLECTED.

MAILED AND TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.

LETTERS OF CREDIT AND DRAFTS, payable on all the principal cities in the world.

THE BANK'S CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT are available all over the world.

COMMERCIAL LETTERS OF CREDIT issued.

PURCHASE and SALE of Stocks and Shares effected.

TRAVELLERS CHECKS sold and cashed.

GEORGE HOGG, Manager.

9, Queen's Road, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 1st Nov., 1912. 1912

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

Authorized Capital Yen 48,000,000

Paid-up Capital " 30,000,000

Reserve Fund " 18,000,000

Head Office.—YOKOHAMA.

Branches: Antung-Hsien, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Ryojun Port, Harbin, San Francisco, Shanghai, Hankow, Honolulu, Kobe, Tientsin, London, Tokyo, Lyons, Los Angeles.

Interest Allowed on Current Accounts.

Deposits received for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application.

EISHI ONO, Manager.

Hongkong, 31st Mar., 1913. [18]

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

HEAD OFFICE.—LONDON.

Paid-up Capital £1,200,000

Reserve Fund £1,700,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors £1,200,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. S. HEWETT, Acting Manager.

Hongkong, 11th April, 1912. [22]

Notices

THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN AND MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

(Capital Paid-up—\$1,250,000.)

Loans on Mortgage of House Property, &c.

Goods received on Storage.

Advances made on Merchandise.

Loans made on the Provident System.

(Rates and Particulars on application.)

The Office of TRUSTEE, EXECUTOR OF WILLS, ATTORNEY, &c., Undertaken and Executed by SHEWAN, TOMES & Co. General Managers.

Hongkong, 19th March, 1908. [32]

PEAK TRAMWAYS CO. LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.

7.00 A.M. to 8.00 A.M. Every 15 Min.
8.00 A.M. to 10.00 A.M. " 15 Min.
10.00 A.M. to 12.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
12.00 P.M. to 1.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
1.00 P.M. to 2.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
2.00 P.M. to 3.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
3.00 P.M. to 4.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
4.00 P.M. to 5.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
5.00 P.M. to 6.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
6.00 P.M. to 7.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

NIGHT CARS.
8.30 P.M. and 9.30 P.M. to 11.00 P.M. every half hour.
11.00 P.M. to 1.00 A.M. every quarter of an hour.

SUNDAYS.

7.00 A.M. to 8.00 A.M. Every 15 Min.
8.00 A.M. to 10.00 A.M. " 15 Min.
10.00 A.M. to 12.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
12.00 P.M. to 1.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
1.00 P.M. to 2.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
2.00 P.M. to 3.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
3.00 P.M. to 4.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
4.00 P.M. to 5.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
5.00 P.M. to 6.00 P.M. " 15 Min.
6.00 P.M. to 7.00 P.M. " 15 Min.

NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SATURDAYS.
Extra Cars as on Week Days.
By Arrangement with the Company's Office, Alexandra Building, On Yung Road.

Banks

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid-up Capital \$15,000,000

RESERVE FUNDS:

Sterling £1,500,000 at 2/==

\$15,000,000

Silver 17,200,000

\$32,200,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors \$15,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

S. H. Dodwell, Esq.,—Chairman.

Hon. Mr. D. Landale,—Deputy Chairman.

G. Friesland, Esq.

C. S. Gubbay, Esq.

P. H. Holyoak, Esq.

G. R. Laing, Esq.

F. Lieb, Esq.

W. L. Pattenden, Esq.

J. A. Plummer, Esq.

Hon. Mr. E. Shillim.

H. A. Siebs, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER: Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

MANAGER: Shanghai—A. G. Stephen.

London Bankers—London County and Westminster Limited.

Hongkong—Interest Allowed.

On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

For 3 months, 2½ per cent. per annum.

For 6 months, 3½ per cent. per annum.

For 12 months, 4 per cent. per annum.

N. J. STABB, Chief Manager.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the minimum monthly balances at 3½ Per Cent. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 Per Cent. per annum.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, N. J. STABB, Chief Manager.

DEUTSCHE ASIATISCHE BANK.

Capital Fully Paid-up—Sh. Tael 7,500,000

Head Office—Shanghai.

Board of Directors—Berlin.

Branches: Berlin, Calcutta, Canton, Hamburg, Hankow, Kobe, Peking, Singapore, Tientsin, Teiananfu, Tsingtau, Yokohama.

LONDON BANKERS: Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Sons.

The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Limited.

Deutsche Bank (Berlin), London Agency.

Direction der Disconto, Gesellschaft.

INTEREST allowed on Current Accounts. DEPOSITS received on terms which may be learned on application. Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

R. TIMMERSCHIEDT, Manager.

Hongkong, 9th Oct., 1911. [2]

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Authorized Capital £1,500,000

Subscribed " 1,125,000

Paid Up " 562,500

Reserved Fund " 365,000

BANKERS:

Bank of England.

London Joint Stock Bank, Limited.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

A. R. LINTON, Manager.

Exchange

Selling.	Buying.
T/T. Demand 1/11 7/16	4 m/s. L/C 2/1
30 d/s 1/11 9/16	4 m/s. D/P 2/1 1/2
60 d/s 1/11 11/16	6 m/s. L/C 2/1 3/16
4 m/s. Shanghai 73 1/2	30 d/s. S'ney & Melbourne 2/1 1/4
T/T. Singapore 83 1/2	30 d/s. San F'co & New York 48 1/2
T/T. Japan 95 1/2	4 m/s. Marks 205 1/2
T/T. India 148 1/2	4 m/s. Francs 2.52
Demand India 146 1/2	6 m/s. do 2.54
Demand, Manila 95 1/2	Bar Silver, ready 26 15/16
T/T. San F'co & New York 47 1/2	forward 27 1/2
T/T. Java 118	Gold Leaf per tael 50
T/T. Marks 199 1/2	Bank of England rate 4 1/2
T/T. Francs 2.46 1/2	Sovereign 10.15

Subsidiary Coins.	Opium Quotation.
Discount per \$100	July 4.
Chinese ... 20 cts. pieces \$6 15/16	Malwa, New \$3.050 per pic.
Chinese ... 10 " 7 1/4	Malwa, Old 3.300 "
Hongkong 20 " 5 1/2	Patna, New 3.857 porche.
Hongkong 10 " 6 15/16	Patna, Old 3.795 "
	Benares, New 3.750 "
	Benares, Old 3.650 "

SHARE REPORT.

STOCKS & PAID UP VALUE.	CLOSING QUOTES.	LAST DIVIDEND AND DATE.
HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORP.	\$805 ss.	\$2 1/2 at ex 2/1 equal to \$21.71 for 1/2 year ending 31/12/12
CANTONS MARINE INSURANCE	296 b.	\$18 for 1912
North China	2137 b.	Final of 10 p.c. making 20 p.c. for 1911
Unions	\$790 s.	Final of \$20 making \$50 for 1911 and Interim of \$30 for 1912
Yangtzes	\$200 ex 73	Final of \$12 mak. \$15 for 1911 & Int. of \$3 for 1912
China Fires	\$147 b.	\$10 for 1911
Hongkong Fires	\$356 b.	\$27 for 1911
China & Manilla SHIPING	\$10 nom.	\$1 for 1906
Douglas Steamship	\$50	\$1.50 for year end 30/6/12
Steamboats	\$27 b.	Dividend of \$1 for half year ending 31/12/12
Indo-Chinas (Preferred)	\$84 s.	6 p.c. for years 1912 and 1912 on preferred shares
"Shell" Transports	\$104 1/2 b.	Final of 2/1 making 20% for year ending 31/12/11
"Star Ferry"	\$110	Int. of 1/16 a/c. 1912
China Sugars	\$90 s.	\$2 on 10,000 shares 1st issue
Luzon Sugars	\$37	\$2 on 10,000 " 2nd
Chinese Engineering	31/3 middle	\$1 on 10,000 " 3rd for year ending 30/4/13
Tronohs	57/- b.	\$3 for 1912
Rauha DOCKS, WHARVES, & COTTONS	\$370 b.	\$3 for 1897
Kowloon Wharfs	\$98 b.	Interim of 3 1/2 p.c. 8 1/2 d per share. Coupon No. 1 account year 30.6.13
H.K. & W'poo DOCKS	\$85 s.	Int. of 2/6 a/c. 1913 1/2 for 1909
Shanghai DOCKS T. 100	T.52 s. ex div	\$4.50 for year 1912
Hongkew Wharfs T. 100	T.110 s.	\$1 final dividend for year 1911
LANDS, HOTELS & BUILDINGS	T.94	Tls. 3 for 1912
Anglo-French Lands T. 100	\$124 b.	Final of Tls. 4 making Tls 7 for 1912
Hongkong Hotels	\$50	Tls. 6 2/3 2/10
Hongkong Lands	\$100	\$3 on old shares, \$1.50 on new shares for half year 31/12/12
Humphreys Estates	\$10	Final div. of \$3 1/2 making \$7 for 1912
Kowloon Lands	\$30	50 cents for 1912
Shanghai Lands T. 30	T. 95	\$2.80 for 1912
West Points	\$50	5 p.c. for half to 30/6/12 & final of 6 p.c. making 11 p.c. for 1913
Manila M'pole Hotel P. 10	P. 8	Final of \$2.25 making \$4.25 for 1912
Ewos	T. 50	15 p.c. for 1910
Shanghai Cottons	T. 117 1/2 b.	7 p.c. for year ending 31.10.12
Laou Kung Mow	T. 100 nom	50 cents 31.7.08
Kung Yik	T. 134 sa.	85 cents for 1912
Hongkong Cottons	\$10	70 cents for 1912
China-Borneo	\$12	\$1.25 for year end 31/7/13
Light and Powers	\$10 1/2	40 cents for 1911
Do. (Spec. shares)	\$1 1/2	\$1.60 per share for 1912
China Provident	\$10	Final of \$8 making \$10 for 1912
Dairy Farms	\$6	\$1 interim & final of \$1 1/2 for 1912
Green Islands	\$10	{Tls. 1 account 1913—None
Hongkong Electric	\$10	80 cents on fully paid shares and 8 cents on \$1 paid shares for year ending 30.4.13
Hongkong Ties	\$25	Final of \$5 p.c. making 7 1/2 p.c. for 1912
Hongkong Ropes	\$10	None
Langkats	g 10	\$1.50 for 1910
Morning Post	\$25	None
Peak Tramway	\$10	20 per cent. per ordinary share for year ended 31/5/1912
Do. (new)	\$1	\$1 per share for year ending 31/12/12
Hongkong Electric Trams	7/3 1/2 b.	25 per cent. for year ending 31/7/11
Philippines	\$10	80 cents for 1912
H. Price & Co., Ltd.	\$10	40 cts. year ending 30/6/12
Societe des Pulpes et Papiers	\$50	None
Papeteries du Tonkin	\$50	Benefit \$200
Shanghai-Sumatra T. 20	T.150	No dividend this year
Steam Laundry	\$5	50 cts. for year end 31.5.1
United Asbestos	\$10	

SANITARY BOARD.

(Continued from page 8.)

communicating with the Governor-in-Council. What I ask for is very simple: the second paragraph of Section 265 provides that the appellant should state the ground of his appeal concisely in writing, and that the Clerk of Councils should give him 7 days' notice of the hearing of the appeal. The next paragraph requires the Clerk of Councils to furnish the appellant with a copy of the evidence and documents submitted by the respondent for the consideration of the Governor-in-Council. This shows that there must be a respondent, and the only possible respondent is the Board, who must submit their evidence and documents to the Governor-in-Council. It is practically no trouble for the Clerk of Councils to transmit a copy of the grounds of appeal put forward by the appellant, and the matter could be dealt with by the Board at its next fortnightly meeting and its report forwarded to the appellant, so that no delay or hardship would be inflicted on the latter. It may be said that this is unnecessary circumlocution, as three members of the Board are also on the Executive Council; but they are also not there as representatives of the Board. They may even have been in a minority at the Board, or they may be absent either from the Board meeting or from the Council meeting at which the matter is considered. It is only after a reference to the Board as such that the Governor-in-Council can be sure that all the facts and arguments bearing on the question at issue have been fully laid before him; and that is the sole object of my motion to-day. I do not for a moment suggest that this Board should seek to review or upset any decision of the Executive Council; all I claim is that the Board should have the opportunity, as it has the right, of laying its side of the case before the tribunal which is supreme under the Ordinance.

Mr. Ng Hon Tsz seconded, and the resolution was adopted.

Milk Adulteration.

In connection with the quarterly return of food samples inspected under the Food and Drugs Ordinance in which there was one case of adulteration of milk, Dr. Fitzwilliams urged that he had always held, and had tried to get support from the Board, that in the case of adulteration of drink, where a conviction had been secured it should be framed and hung up in the bar in which drink was sold and in every rival bar and cañten in the colony. He thought the same should apply to milk as well, as that would be a far better way of stopping adulteration than by a small fine.

The president:—Is it proposed that a vendor of milk should put his own prosecution up in his own shop?

Dr. Fitzwilliams:—Yes. The president remarked that the man would close up his shop instantly. In the last prosecution of this kind the shop was closed and it was quite possible for the man to start again and not be discovered. He thought it would be very unfair to expose a man's business to damage if they did not take him to court.

THE BEST THE BREWERS BREW.

Guinness'

Stout.

Same as supplied to his Majesty the King. Can be had from all Dealers.

H. RUTTONIE & SON,
14, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.



Mr. Bowley agreed that when a conviction was obtained it should be made public but if that were done with an unproved charge it seemed more than likely that they would incur some liability.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

The orders of the day for tomorrow's meeting of the Legislative Council are:—First reading of a Bill entitled An Ordinance to amend the Legal Practitioners Ordinance 1871.

First reading of a Bill entitled An Ordinance to provide for the regulation of Wireless Telegraphy.

First reading of a Bill entitled An Ordinance to amend the Arms and Ammunition Ordinance, 1900.

First reading of a Bill entitled An Ordinance to give effect to the change in the name and style of the office heretofore known as that of the Registrar General.

Second reading of the Bill entitled An Ordinance to amend the New Territories Regulation Ordinance, 1910.

Second reading of the Bill entitled An Ordinance to amend the Tramway Ordinance, 1902.

Second reading of the bill entitled an ordinance to extend the provisions to the Steam Launch (Protection against Piracy) Ordinance, 1900, to certain classes of steamers.

Second reading of the bill entitled an ordinance to provide for the registration and supervision of certain schools.

Second reading of the bill entitled an ordinance to amend the Companies Ordinance, 1911.

TOWN PLANNING.

Hongkong Invited to International Congress.

Among the correspondence sent us by the Secretary of the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce is a copy of a letter from the Government enclosing a letter from the Burgomaster of Gand inviting the participation of the Colony in an International Congress relative to the construction of towns and organisation of municipal life to be held this month. The Government enquires whether the Chamber had any suggestion to offer with regard to the representation of this Colony at the Congress.

The Secretary of the Chamber replied that the Committee had given the matter their consideration and he was directed to state that unless some responsible Government Official was able to attend the Congress while on leave with the object of gaining information, as to the construction of towns, they saw no reason for incurring the expense of a special delegate, particularly as this Colony is not governed by a Municipality.

BUNKERS

can be supplied at cheap rates.

SANDAKAN & SEBATTIK
(British North Borneo).

At these ports steamers calling for bunker coal exclusively are exempt from all shipping dues and charges.

A. BUNE

POST OFFICE.

The Linan is due to arrive here to-day with the mail from London (via Siberia) of 27th ulto.

The Assaye, with the English Mail, left Singapore on Saturday, the 13th inst., at 10 a.m. and may be expected here to-morrow at about 5 a.m. This Packet brings the Parcel Mail closed in London for despatch by the all sea route on the 11th ulto, and for despatch overland on the 18th ulto.

The Ohlyuen is due to arrive here on Saturday, 19th inst., with the Mails from London (via Siberia) of Wednesday 25th and Saturday, 28th ulto.

MAILS DUE.

Siberian, Linan, 16th inst.

English, Assaye, 17th inst.

MAILS VIA SIBERIA.

Left London June 27 July 12

June 28 July 14

MAILS CLOSE.

Hoihow—Per Triumph, 17th July, 9 a.m.

Haiphong, Pakhoi and Saigon—Per Hanoi, 17th July, 10 a.m.

Japan via Kobe—Per Yatsushiro, 17th July, 11 a.m.

Fort Bayard, Baiphong, Pakhoi and Saigon—Per Bue, 17th July, 11 a.m.

Tientsin—Per Huichow, 17th July, 11 a.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 17th July, 1.15 p.m.

Shanghai and North China—Per Luchow, 17th July, 3 p.m.

Tsingtau, Chefoo and Newchwang—Per Kansas, 17th July, 3 p.m.

Shanghai, North China & Europe via Siberia—Per Assaye, 17th July, 4 p.m.

Shanghai and North China—Per Choysoang, 17th July, 5 p.m.

Straits and Burma—Per Itola, 17th July, 5 p.m.

Philippine Islands, Australia, Tasmania & New Zealand via Port Darwin—Per Taiyuan, 18th July, 10 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per Hailan, 18th July, 10 a.m.

Shanghai, North China, Japan via Nagasaki, Honolulu, United States America, and South America, Canada via San Francisco (Europe via Siberia)—Per Siberia, 18th July, 11 a.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 18th July, 1.15 p.m.

Philippine Islands, Australia, Tasmania & New Zealand via Port Darwin—Per Eastern, 19th July, 10 a.m.

Straits and Sourabaya—Per Obun-sang, 19th July, 11 a.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 19th July, 1.15 p.m.

Straits, Burma, Ceylon, Adelaide, Western Australia, India, Aden, Egypt, and Europe via Brindisi. (Late Letters 11 a.m. to noon, Extra Postage 10 cents.) (Supplementary mail on board up to the time fixed for departure of the mail (Extra Postage 10 cents.) (Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail.) The Parcel Mail will be closed, on Friday, 18th inst., at 5 p.m.—Per China, 19th July, 11 a.m.

Philippine Islands—Per Loong-sang, 19th July, 1 p.m.

Macao—Per Sui Tai, 19th July, 1.15 p.m.

Wei-hai-wei and Tientsin—Per Kueichow, 19th July, 5 p.m.

Shanghai, North China and (Europe via Siberia)—Per Linan, 19th July, 5 p.m.

Baiphong, Pakhoi and Saigon—Per Kaifong, 19th July, 5 p.m.

Swatow, Wei-hai-wei, Chaofoo and Tientsin—Per Cheong-shing, 19th July, 5 p.m.

Swatow—Per Haimun, 20th July, 9 a.m.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow—Per Baiyang, 22nd July, 10 a.m.

Shanghai, North China and Japan via Kobe—Per Thongwa, 22nd July, 3 p.m.

Philippine Islands—Per Chinhu, 22nd July, 3 p.m.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED.

Borneo, Ger. 1,344, Koehler, 15th July—Sardakan, 10th July, Annier—M. & Co.

Haimun, Br. s.s. 641, Evans, 15th July—Swatow 14th July, Gen.—D. & D. & Co.

Michael Jensen, Ger. s.s. 951, T. Taosben, 15th July—Apin Sumva—24th June, Gen.—J. & Co.

Hakuto Maru, Jap. s.s. 2,426, K. Neshikane, 15th July—Sourabaya 8th July, Sugar—Dadwell.

Haitan, Br. s.s. 1,183, Beach, 8th July—Fochow, Amoy and Swatow, 15th July, Gen.—D. L. Co.

Helene, Ger. s.s. 771, J. Jensen, 16th July—Haiphong 16th July, Gen.—J. & Co.

Hutchow, Br. s.s. 1,215, G. Hooker, 16th July—Canton 15th July, Gen.—B. & S.

Taura Maru, Jap. s.s. 1,959, Nakao, 16th July—Mojji 9th July, Coal—M. B. K.

Keongwai, Ger. s.s. 1,115, Minkwitz, 16th July—Swatow 15th July, Gen.—B. & S.

Triumph, Ger. s.s. 769, W. Langschwager, 16th July—Swatow 15th July, Gen.—J. & Co.

Daijin Maru, Jap. s.s. 899, U. Nagano, 16th July—Swatow 15th July, Gen.—O. S. K.

Flintshire, Br. s.s. 3,837, A. Williams, 16th July—Japan 10th July, Gen. J. M. & Co.

CLEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.

July 15.

Sikang for Haiphong.

Choysoang for Canton.

Loksang for Haiphong.

Cheong Shing for Canton.

Kaga Maru for London.

Empress of Russia for Victoria.

Hanoi for Haiphong.

July 16.

Fau Sang for Java Ports.

Haimun for Swatow.

Zafiro for Hilo.

Kajio Maru for Fochow.

Hue for Kwangchow Wan.

Baron Erskine for Ocean Islands.

American Prince for Balik Pappan.

Mexican Prince for Wakamatsu.

Unai Maru for Canton.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per s.s. Kaga Maru, arrived 14th July, from Yokohama.

Asakura, B. McElhone, Mr.

Bowden, Mr. & Mrs. W. P.

Mrs. K. McFarlane, Rev.

Chakraya, Com. Nomura, M.

Ohta, Y.

Chu, F.

Habson, H.

Hayashi, Sakai, T.

Rival, N.

Rivahara, B.

Manning, M. S.

H. Thompson, M.

H. Sonoda, Mrs. W. S.

Imai, L.

Inui, S.

Kawamura, S.

Rhoochow, Lt.

Makuts, Dr. J.

Wallace, Capt.

Yasuda, R.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per s.s. Yokohama Maru sailed from Hongkong on July 14th, for Seattle, etc.

Beltohenko, Mrs. Nakayama, S.

Brigadrenk, Shipway, J. A.

Miss. Soffette, Mrs.

Crowley, Mrs. E. Tall, C.

M. Turney, Miss.

Edmitt, Mrs. T. Tuinbull, Mr. & Mrs.

Finlayson, Mrs. Vivesash, W. H.

Finlayson, Youngman, Miss.

Hayden, F. D.

Metzler, Mrs.

SHIPS PASSED THE CANAL.

London, 17th June.

Arrivals from China:—Bo-

hemia.

The following vessels have passed the Canal:—Bengloe, Dunbar, Lennox, Yorok, Kansas, Lovat,

TIDE TABLE.

14th July to 20th July, 1913.

High Water

Low Water

Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time

Mean Time

WEATHER REPORT.

On the 15th at 12-13.—Pressure has increased moderately in N. Japan, and slightly from S. Japan to the Bonins and from Coochin-China to the S. Philippines. It has decreased slightly over Formosa. The depression over the north-west portion of the China Sea has partially filled up.

The typhoon has curved to the northward. At 6 a.m. this morning it was about 150 miles to the north-east of Manila.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON TO-MORROW.

District. Forecast.

1 Hongkong and Neighbourhood. Light or variable winds; fine.

2 Formosa Channel. N. winds, free.

3 South coast of China between H.K. and Lamooks. The same as No. 1.

4 South coast of China between H.K. and Hainan. The same as No. 1.

China Coast Meteorological Register, 16th July, a.m.

Station. Hour. Barometer. Temperature. Humidity. Wind. Force. Weather.

W'ostock 7 a.

Nemuro 6 a. 29.91

Hakodate 29.89

Tokio 29.85

Kobe 29.83

Nagasaki 29.86

K'shima 29.86

Oshima 29.81

Naha 29.79

Ishijima 29.72

Bonin Is. 29.83

Chefoo 29.80

W'haiwei 29.80

Hankow 29.80

Iohang 29.80

Kiunkang 29.80

Changsha 29.80

Shanghai 29.80

Gutzlaff 29.80

Sharp P. 29.80

Amoy 29.80

Swatow 29.80

Taihuo 29.80

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